The Brand that is giving complete SATISFACTION for more than 12 years. Get it from WELLINGTON CYCLE Co. Bombay & Poona.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913

VOL. VI NO. 38 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1918. TWO ANNAS

The choice of novice and experienced CYCLISTS Recommended by WELLINGTON CYCLE Co. Bombay & Poona.

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMERS of the P. and O. Co. will be despatched to London at frequent intervals calling at Aden, Port Said and Marseilles.

The BRITISH INDIA Co. will despatch Mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,

Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

For Sailings and Freight apply to

T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.

Alice Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE.—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 133 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 861,491.

Steamers will be despatched as regular intervals to Japan via Singapore and Hongkong.

For freight and other particulars regarding sailing, etc., please apply to the undersigned.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.

Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 173, Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital over Two Lakhs.

Investments in Government and approved Securities only.

Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.

The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. Liberal Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.

Commission to canvassers.

For details apply for a copy of Rules to—

SANJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,600,000
Reserve Fund £1,250,000

Head Office:

20, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisuma
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point.)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Dar-es-Salam, East Africa
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank:

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum secured does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, Africa, America and Australia or purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)

Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 36,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 22,100,000

HEAD OFFICE.—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Changchun	Calcutta	Rangoon
Darien (Dalne)	London	San Francisco
Hankow	Lyons	Shanghai
Harbin	Fongtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Hongkong	Nagasaki	Seattle (U.S.A.)
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tientsin
Kobe	New York	Tokyo
Los Angeles (Cal U.S.A.)	Osaka	Tsingtau
Kaiyuan	Pekin	Tsinanfu
	Singapore	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for One year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

EVERY description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE:

4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.

BRANCHES:

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, BAGDAD, BASRAH AND AMARA

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-up Capital £600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £900,000
Reserve Fund £70,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K.T. (Chairman).

Sir Edward Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)

Emile Francqui, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique.)

Lieut-Col. J. Leigh Wood, C.M.G. (Messrs. Brown Shipley & Co.)

J. C. Georges Bouillat, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)

J. S. Haskell, Esq. (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co.,)

Bromley-Martin, Esq. (Martins Bank, Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Bart.,
Narottam Morarji Goculdas Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 5 PER CENT PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT Accounts at 4 per cent per annum.

Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.

SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

F. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING

THE SUMITOMO BANK

LIMITED.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

Subscribed Capital ... . Yen 30,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 18,750,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 2,100,000

HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA, JAPAN.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS:

Bombay	Hankau	Honolulu
Kyoto	Moji	New York
San Francis	Shimonoseki	Yokohama, etc.,
Hakata	Hiroshima	Kobe
London	Nagoya	Osaka
Shanghai	Tokyo	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates to be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

J. SATO, Manager.

Church Gate Street, Bombay.
P. O Box No. 389.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.

INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL CHARTER OF THE IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT, 1899.

Subscribed Capital .. .. Yen. 20,000,000
Paid-up Capital .. .. „ 20,000,000
Reserve Fund .. .. .. „ 5,380,000

HEAD OFFICE:

TAIPEH, FORMOSA.

BRANCHES:

LONDON	SHANGHAI	TOKIO
NEW YORK	HONGKONG	OSAKA
AMOY	SINGAPORE	KOBE
CANTON	SOERABAIA	YOKOHAMA
FOOCHOW	SEMARANG	AKO
HANKOW	BATAVIA	GIRAN
KIUKIANG	MAKUNG	KAGI
SWATOW	PINAN	KARENKO
TAINAN	SHINCHIKU	KEELUNG
TAKOW	TAICHU	TAMSUI

The Bank has also a large number of Correspondents at Home and Abroad.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

K. TAKEMURA,
MANAGER.

50, Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,33,439	15	5
Reserve Funds	12,37,432	8	

HEAD OFFICE.—LAHORE.

Branches:

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jummu, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are brought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

K. C. MULICK,
Manager

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gackwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE—BARODA.

Branches:—Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 5,75,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

INSURANCE

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN

THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. LIMITED.

Because—

(1) It is one of the foremost Indian Life Offices of unquestionable security.

(2) It offers world-wide policies at moderate rates.

(3) It is one of the very few offices issuing policies with Automatic Protection.

(4) Its policies have no irksome restrictions.

For further information, Prospectus, etc., please apply to—

THE GENERAL AGENTS,
Bombay and Deccan,
42, Medows Street,
BOMBAY.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

(HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY).

Chairman—The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY, Kt.

Attractive Schemes at Low Rates.

For Prospectus and further particulars—Apply to—

SECRETARIES & MANAGERS,
JIVANLAL, DASTUR & Co.,
112, Esplanade Road, Fort.

HOTELS

EASTERN HOTEL.

13, Meadows Street, Bombay.
EXCELLENT CUISINE,
ELECTRIC LIGHTS.
MONTHLY RESIDENTS AT CHEAP RATES

R. K. F. SASANIAN & CO.

Marine Lines, First Lane.
BAKERS & CONFECTIONERS,
GENERAD MERCHANTS AND TOBACCONISTS.

DURBAR DELAVER RESTAURANT.

Hot meals of exquisite taste and best quality.
14, GREEN STREET, FORT.

THE CHEAPEST FIRST CLASS HOTEL at which to put up at in Bombay is the

RAILWAY HOTEL

Those visiting Bombay should not fail to try the "Railway" Hotel situated at Charney Road, in a central healthy locality.

DINNER TABLE A SPECIALITY.
Competent Chefs, High Class Wines and Billiard Tables.

Please write to Manager, Railway Hotel, Charney Road, BOMBAY. Telephone No. 511

THE EVER POPULAR

EMPRESS HOTEL

NASIK ROAD,

DEOLALI.

MODERATE CHARGES,
FAMOUS FOR CUISINE
SPACIOUS GYMKHANA.

TURKO ROMAN BATH,

WITH MASSAGE AND VIBRATORY MASSAGE.

Separate arrangements for Ladies.

Restorer and Preserver of HEALTH, STRENGTH AND BEAUTY.

Highly appreciated by the medical world.

Open: 8 a.m., to 9 p.m. Sundays not excepted.

Chambers: 303, Hornby Road, Bombay opposite Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

'FASHION--UP-TO-MARK.'

USE Our "English," "French," "Chinese" and "Japanese" Silk's and highly finished "Art Embroidery."

CHIC AND BEAUTY IN EVERY THREAD.

OUR Stock leads the fashion of the day and our patrons are the leaders of "fashion-up-to-date" *Our Show Room is a veritable palace of:*

MODERN SILK FOR MODERN DRESSES.

SILKS Our Show Room is a Palace of Silk goods. To visit it is a *"Study in Modern fashion"* and modern Dress materials. *Your visit Solicited,*

AHMED E. ESAALI,

EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY

MAGNIFICENT MIRZAPORE AND JAIPORE

CARPETS

OF SORTS

FOR RETAIL SALE

ON COMMISSION
ON MAKER'S ACCOUNT AT FACTORY PRICES
AT

MEHTA & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS,
25, MEDOWS STREET, FORT.

Best Silks for Sarries; China Silk by Yards; "LIONS" FIRE PROOF SAFES,
Indian Open Hand Carved Furniture.

SILK! SILK!

If you wish to know WHERE you can have best Silk pie e goods and embroidery at the

Lowest Prices,

where you may see designs never seen be ore, then pay a visit to or write for Patterns (free) stating requirements to

KARANJIA & Co., Ltd.

270, Hornby Road, Fort.

Opposite: Messrs. John Roberts & Co.

SALE BY AUCTION.

B. MANEKLAL & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 7, Green Street, Fort, adjacent to Bank of Bombay.
Tele. No. 3297.

TO-MORROW AT 3 P.M. (S.T.)

GRAND WEEKLY AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE, IRONSAFE, TYPEWRITER PARTITION SCREENS, DRAWING ROOM SET SILK PIECEGOODS, PRECIOUS, JEWELLERY, GOLD WATCH etc.,

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 14th instant, at 3 p.m., (S.T.), B. MANEKLAL & Co., Auctioneers will sell by public auction at their rooms, situated at the ground floor of No 7 Green Street, Fort, just adjacent to Bank of Bombay.

Very rich and artistic teak and black wood durable cabinets and other pieces of household and office furniture bedsteads, iron safe, typewriter, partition screen, automatic window screens, Perambulator folding, Cradle drawing room set in ten pieces complete lined with silk tapestry.

By an order of an office concerned.
A lot of window automatic screens complete.

AT 4 P.M. (S.T.)

Property of a respectable Hindu lady.
One pearl mala in two rows weighing about 100 chaws.
One bracelet set with Brilliants and emeralds.
One pearl collar set with diamond and emeralds.
The above three articles are very rare The buyers strongly are recommended to avail themselves of this unique opportunity.
From D. B. Shah & Co.
A lot of piecegoods silk and cotton.
The articles are on view.
Terms as usual.

B. MANEKLAL & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 13th Feb. 1918.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
21, Medows Street.

IMPORTANT TO CAPITALISTS.

SALE of Very Valuable Five-Storeyed Building, Ground Floor of which is occupied by "Alana Shop," near Sir J. J. School, Hornby Road, Fort.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 21st day of February, 1918, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises the undermentioned property:—

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Freehold land or ground, containing by admeasurement 153 square yards or thereabouts together with all messuages, tenement or buildings standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Hornby Road, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 8876, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under A Ward No. 2368 and Street No. 201, and bounded on or towards the North by the property of Dinshaw Maneckji Daver, on or towards the South by the property of N. F. Kanny, on or towards the East by the property of Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Baronet, and on or towards the West by the aforesaid Hornby Road.

The property now yields a monthly rent of Rs. 500.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the Vendor at their office in Gresham Building at Hornby Road, Fort, or to the Undersigned Auctioneers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 13th February, 1918.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

"Wanted," "To be Let," and "For Sale" Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business, are charged at the following rates, which must be prepaid:—

Advertisements not exceeding (20 words) 8 annas per insertion: every additional word 1 anna.

Advertisements are not received after 6 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. 2 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Two annas per line or Re. 1 per inch.. No display allowed.

Educational Announcements.—Six annas per line or Rs. 3 per inch.

All advertisements are payable strictly in advance.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGER,
"Bombay Chronicle" Office,
No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Payable Strictly in Advance.

DAILY EDITION.

LOCAL.		UP-COUNTRY	
Yearly.....	Rs. 30-0	Rs.	35-0
Half-yearly..	„ 16-0	„	18-0
Quarterly ..	„ 8-0	„	9-0
Monthly	„ 3-0	„	3-8

Single Copy.....TWO Annas.

SUNDAY EDITION.

LOCAL.		UP-COUNTRY	
Yearly	Rs. 5-0	Rs.	6-0

Single Copy .....ONE Anna.

All subscriptions commence on and from the 1st or 15th day of the month; broken periods preceding the subscription date are counted at 2 annas per copy.

Monthly Subscribers should send their Subscription in advance, regularly, to maintain continuous supply.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

PORTABLE TYPEWRITERS:—We have received a few NATIONAL PORTABLE TYPEWRITERS. The National Standard Portable is quite different and distinct from any other writing machine yet produced. The National will be found to give more real value for less money. It is non-folding, compact, has ball-bearing carriage, large ribbon spools, wide universal key-board, two-colour ribbon, back space mechanism, stencil cutting and fully Visible. Weight only 10 lbs. Price Rs. 130 including travelling Case. Buy a National and get more for less Money.

THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING Co.,
86, (B), Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.
Tele: "Writertype."

LEPROSY of ten years' standing Leucoderma and patches of any duration arising from vitiated blood cured radically and permanently in four weeks. Rs. 7/8 per week. Three days' treatment sent free for trial. THE EASTERN MEDICINE STORE, 77, Durga, Ch., Mitter Street, Calcutta. 895

SCIENCE v/s OPERATION:—Piles radically cured. Both external and internal of any standing. Price Rs. 4 per phial. Leucoderma or White Leprosy. Guaranteed cure. Price Rs. 4. Cure for the Deaf. The deaf can hear after using the medicine internally. Rs. 5 per bottle. A WHITE & Co., 50, Tollygunge, CALCUTTA. 1569

CRESCENT BALM.—Cheapest, best, unrivalled. "CRESCENT," for colds, Headaches Rheumatism, etc., etc. etc. Better than any other balm in the market. At all chemists and druggists, Japan Insect Powder Company, P. O. Box. No. 388; Bombay. 1800

INDIAN CHEESE—Great improvement on preceding stocks. As supplied to Government Hospitals, Transports and the Mercantile Marine. A good keeping cheese JAMES CONNELL, Victoria Hotel, Prince's Dock, Bombay. 2210

A SUCCESSFUL System of BETTING at the RACES. Race Results to date prove it. Send 8 annas to WALEY HOPE, Post Box No. 411, G. P. O., Bombay. 239

HOTELS & HEALTH RESORTS

DEOLALI'S PRETIER HOTEL.—Grand Hotel well-known for Best cusine, cleanliness and home comforts and separate Blocks. Moderate charges. Apply H. F. SETNA, Proprietor. 1000

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A MUSIC TEACHER. Apply H. A. PEERBHOY, Fairholme Colaba. 2418

WANTED—Experienced TYPIST. Portuguese preferred. Start Salary Rs. 30. Apply in own handwriting to Box No. 747, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2388

WANTED—A STUDENT in the B.A. Class to act as a guardian to a young boy of a respectable family. Good salary to a qualified man. Write Box No. 788, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2436

WANTED—COMPETENT TYPIST and ACCOUNT CLERK. Gujarati Hindu Matric failed preferred. Start Rs. 40. Write fully to Box No. 787 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2435

WANTED—An experienced ACCOUNTANT, knowledge of correspondence and general office work. Apply stating terms with testimonials to Box No. 783, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2426

WANTED—A CLERK, well-up in English and Gujarati for correspondence and general work. Pay according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 775, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2373

WANTED—One EFFICIENT and EXPERIENCED HAND for the SURAT MAHILA VIDYALAYA. Apply, stating age, qualifications, second language, and salary expected, to the HON. SUPERINTENDENT, Gopipura, SURAT. 2417

THE B. D. PETIT PARSEE GENERAL HOSPITAL—WANTED—A PARSEE OFFICE-ASSISTANT. Previous experience and good handwriting essential. Salary Rs. 30/35 according to qualifications. Apply HONORARY SECRETARY. 2424

WANTED—A strong WOMAN of cheerful disposition of any nationality to be in constant company of a young lady "invalid." Terms liberal, board and lodging free. Apply Box No. 782, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2425

WANTED—An experienced L. M. & S., or M.B., B.S., of Bombay or any other Indian University. A Hindu will be preferred. Apply with testimonials and stating terms to PRIVATE SECRETARY to H. H. Maharao Saheb of Serohi, Rewa House, Warden Road, Bombay. 2395

WANTED—One competent and experienced STORE SUPPLIER, having full knowledge of the store line and one young and energetic clerk. Pay according to qualification. Apply with copies of testimonials to AGENTS, No. 12, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay. 2374

WANTED—An expert BANDMASTER for a State up-to-date Brass and String Band. A retired Military Band master will be more preferred. Pay Rs. 125 rising to 175 after completion of 2 years Service. Free quarters. Apply in the testimonials to Box No. 774, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 236

WANTED—A HEAD MASTER for High School in an Indian State Knowledge of Gujarati necessary. Those with experience of High School both educational and administrative need apply stating qualifications and salary to Box No 773, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2362

WANTED by a leading Japanese firm, SALESMEN for the following:—Cotton Yarns (Japan Import and Bombay Export) Metals, Cotton Piece-goods (Japan Imports), Sugar (Java and Japan), Camphor and Matches, and Sundries. Handsome salary and commission. Competent men need only apply to Box No. 786, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2429

WANTED by the Pandharpur Municipality duly qualified SUB-ASSISTAN SURGEONS with experience of Medical duties for the Maghi Fair. Their services will be required probably from 18th to 28th February, 1918. They will be given Rs. 3 per day for the days they will work here, with travelling allowance according to the Civil Service Regulations except double railway fare. Those who wish should apply to the undersigned on or before 14th instant. (Sd) V. B. KANE President, Municipal Office, Pandharpur. 2396

WANTED.

WANTED—30—40 Horse Power ENGINE Oil or Steam with Boiler. Apply to Box No. 777, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2377

WANTED—One second hand portable STEAM ENGINE, in good order of the best make 12 N. H. P. 120 lbs. pressure. Two second-hand centrifugal Pumps one of 9in. by 9in. of 60 to 100 feet lift and one of 6in. by 5 of 100 feet lift. Apply price required to A. S K. IYENGAR Garden Superintendent, Junagadh. 2397

WANTED—STUDENTS desirous of joining College to see PRINCIPAL, EMPIRE ENGLISH SCHOOL for Matric and Senior Cambridge, conducted under Educational Experts at convenient times at 259/261, Hornby Road, opposite Messrs. Cox and Co., FRESH NAMES enrolled for Matric and Cambridge, (July & Dec.) 1918. 815

WANTED—A PARTNER with Rs. 10,000 for a Medico-Chemical Bureau, wherein many drugs are profitably prepared dexterously, scientifically and with up-to-date Western methods. 30 per cent. profit guaranteed. Supply your fellow countrymen all best and genuine drugs at lowest prices and earn a very good profit. Write to the MANAGER, THE BENIGN CHEMICAL WORKS, SURAT. 2416

WANTED.

WANTED—CANVASSERS and COMMISSION AGENTS for Ratol, Chiretta Tablets, Medicines, Soaps, Scents, Toilet preparations, etc. BRITISH CHEMICAL STORES, 2, Frere Road. 2357

WANTED—One new or second-hand CRUDE OIL ENGINE, 40 to 70 or more horse-power, in working order. Apply to J. ALLIBHOY, 21, Bazar Gate, Fort, Bombay. 2168

WANTED—A STEAMER of 800 to 3,000 tons, in nice working order on purchase or charter long or short. Applications with full particulars are invited from shipowners, brokers, tally clerks and other interested in this line. Apply Box No. 769, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 233

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—Swiss EMBROIDERY MACHINES. For particulars apply Messrs. BANIANS & Co., 459, Mint Street Madras. 2308

FOR SALE.—A DARK BAY WHALER 15-1 five years old in good condition. Apply C. M. MITHA, 76, Babulnath, Chowpati, between 9 and 11 a.m. 240

FOR SALE—A BOBBIN MILL, complete, in perfect order with building. Write for particulars to Box No. 762, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2323

FOR SALE—BELSIZE CAR, four cylinder, torpedo body, five seater, in good running order. Rs. 4250 or near offer. Apply to Box No. 785, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2428

FOR SALE—One Silver White Countrybred HORSE, about 15-2 hands, broken to harness, age about 4, Rs. 350 certain. Apply to Box No. 784, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2427

MICA, HEMATITE, REFUSE MICA GRAPHITE, RED OXIDE. Best quality at moderate prices. For full particulars please apply to Box No. 736, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2230

FOR SALE—Two Babcock & Willcox BOILERS, working certificate N. H. P. 24, 160 lbs. pressure. Apply DAWOODBHOY N. CHUNIA, 66, Kamatipura, Bombay 8. 2256

FOR SALE—A New and beautiful VIS-A-VIS, very little used on full cee and under springs with coupe new wheels in first class order. Apply to Box No. 770, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2351

FOR SALE—By Public Auction by orde of the Indian Munitions Board, Messrs. MEHTA & Co's Auction Rooms, 47 Cases Aniline Colours, on TUESDAY, 26 & WEDNESDAY, 27th instant at 2-30 p.m (S.T.)

FOR SALE.—One 30 H.P. Crossley's OIL ENGINE, in working condition. Apply LADAKCHAND OGHADDAS VORA Essak Bldg., 3rd Floor, Sandhurst Rd Opposite Round Temple. 2305

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY.—Superior quality Bank, Post, Typewriter paper (multicopying) suitable for high class business correspondence of standard size. Apply M. FRAMROZE & Co., Gunbava Kuva, Fort, Bombay. 2166

FOR SALE—FINISHING MACHINE, Cloth Baling Press, Cloth Stamping Machine, Cloth Folding Machine, Bleaching Plant Complete. All new. For full particulars apply to CLIMAX MACHINE WORKS Co., 118, Arthur Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay. 2100

SHOLDARIS AND TENTS FOR SALE—Good, strong shouldaris to hold 2 Beds with Poles and Ropes complete, serviceable and useful for Jungle use during plague Rs. 30 each. Larger ones to hold 4 Beds Rs. 45. Also 80 lb. tents with double fly, with furniture, complete Rs. 150. Apply EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Nasirabad Rajputana. 2414

MATRICULATION CANDIDATES—UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY!—Success in History Guaranteed! Excellent text for revision. With M. Exam. questions and answers, and a sketch of the causes and events of the Present War. A great help! Order immediately and secure success. Ask for—Matric. History by Boycington. Price As. 10. HUILGOLKAR & Co., Booksellers, Belgaum. 2415

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—

	Rs.
Remington No. 7 2 Colours, good as new	140
Underwood No. 5, latest 2 Colours, Fine	190
Remington No. 10, Visible, ...	200
Oliver No. 5 Factory Rebuilt, ...	.....
National Portable, Brand New, ...	180

NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute. Hornby Road,
520 Bombay.

LONGUS: DAPHNIS AND CHLOE—Illustrations designed by Raphael Collin, and engraved by Champollion. Preface by Jules Claretie, of the Academie Francaise. This edition of "Daphnis and Chloe" is based upon the translation of J. Amyot, revised, edited, and completed by Paul Louis Courier. One thousand one hundred numbered copies are being printed Price Rs. 75, Write to Box No. 779, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2392

TO BE LET.

FOR HIRE—A Fine Motor Car for all purposes. For terms apply to Box No. 781, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2420

TO BE LET

TO LET—Beautifully situated upper FLOOR of Bangalow, on Mahim Seashore Stabling, garden, etc., Rent Rs. 125, on year's lease. Apply Box No. 744, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2255

LONAVLA HOTEL—Furnished Rooms TO LET for season, few rooms left. Aply JEENA & Co., 34, Churchgate Street, Fort. 2184

TO LET—Mahableshwar, BUNGALOWS etc., for the coming Hot Season available. Please write for particulars, etc., to P. D. DIKSHIT, House Agent, Mahableshwar. Telegrams "DIKSHIT" Mahableshwar. 179

TO LET ON LEASE OR TO BE SOLD—Two vacant pieces of LAND at LONAVLA on the Bombay Poona Road. For further particulars apply to Messrs. CONTRACTOR & KANGA, L. C. E.'s Architects, etc., 17-10, Hamam Street, Fort. 2338

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GAS COKE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the PUBLIC and all concerned that subject to our being able to obtain supplies we sell Gas Coke for cash at the fixed rate of Rs. 35 pe ton.

Dated this 13th day of February, 1918.
HUSSONBHOY NOORBHOY BADANI,
215, Katha Bazar,
Mandvi Bunder, Bombay.
2421

NOTICE.

NOTICE No. 586.

SEALED TENDERS are invited in respec of the right of pulling down and removing six buildings in the line of the 50 ft. road, opposite the Police line on or before the 18th February, 1918. The tender should be either for all buildings in lot or for each building.

2. A deposit of Rs. 100 should accompany the tender.

3. Terms can be had from the Municipal office.

4. The Municipality reserves to itself the right of rejecting any or all tenders.

(Sd) N. S. KARANJIA.,
Chairman, M. C.
KURLA Municipality.
Kurla 11-2-18. 2433

STEAMER FOR SUEZ.

VIA ADEN.

NO. 3 OTARU MARU sailing February-March.
For particulars apply to:—
Messrs. MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, LTD.,
2283 Dwarkadas Building, Fort.

NOTICE.

THE ASSISTANT-DIRECTOR of Supplies and Transport (Embarkation) No. 3 Shed Alexandra Docks, Bombay, requires 30 tons of Golden Syrup to be supplied during February, 1918.

2. Those dealing in this article are requested to submit their offers stating quantity they can supply, description of packing, period of delivery, and rate per 100 lbs.

3. For further details application should be made to the above Officer. 2381

WARNING.

IT has come to the knowledge of the undersigned that Mr. A. DON PITCHER is carrying on business in the name of the firm of GUPTA R. P. & Co., we therefore advise the PUBLIC that we have no concern with the said Mr. Pitcher and that he was dismissed the firm on and from the 20th December and that we will not hold ourselves responsible for any transactions made by him on our behalf.

GUPTA R. P. & Co.
2368

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

(Incorporated in England.)

TENDERS FOR GRAIN SWEEPINGS AT WADI BUNDER GOOD DEPOT, G. I. P. RAILWAY.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of grain sweepings at Wadi Bunder Goods Shed, G. I. P. Railway, for a period of one year. The tender should be addressed to the Deputy Traffic Manager, Commercial, Victoria Terminus, and be in his office before noon on Monday, the 25th February, 1918.

2. Tender forms can be obtained from the undersigned on payment of Re. 1 per form. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender. A deposit of Rs. 1,000 will be required from the person whose tender is accepted.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 9th February, 1918. 262

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

WANTED—MALE and FEMALE CANDIDATES for the Telegraph Branch of the Posts and Telegraphs Department:—

An EXAMINATION in dictation will be held at the Central Telegraph Offices at Bombay, Karachi, Poona, Ahmedabad and Belgaum, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th February, 1918, for appointments of Non-Indians as General Service probationers and of Indians and Women (European or Anglo-Indian) as Local Service probationers in the Signalling Establishment of the Bombay Circle. Male candidates must be between the ages of 15 and 20, and Female between 16 and 20 years and must have passed the VII standard of a European School or the VI of an English Teaching School Applications accompanied by (1) birth, (2) School and (3) Nationality certificates *in original* must be made to the Postmaster-General, Telegraph Traffic Branch, Bombay, in the case of candidates, who wish to be examined at Bombay, and to the Officer-in-Charge of the Local Central Telegraph Office, in the case of those who wish to be examined at Karachi, Poona, Ahmedabad and Belgaum, respectively, and should reach these officials not later than Friday evening, the 15th February, 1918. Probationers will receive an allowance of Rs. 20 a month, while under training in a Telegraph Class (extending over a period of 12 months) and if successful in the final examination, will be appointed as Telegraphists. 2315

PUBLIC NOTICES.

FOR SALE.

OFFERS are invited for one Boiler of Lancashire type with 125 lbs. pressure by Messrs Penman & Co., 1902 latest Certificate. The Boiler can be seen ready for delivery at the JIVRAJ BALLOO MILLS, Tardeo. Please apply the AGENTS, 9, Green Street, Fort. 2437

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Corporation will be held at the REGISTERED OFFICE of the Corporation No. 3, Wallace Street, Fort, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th February, 1918, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts for the year ending 31st May 1917.
(2) To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
(3) To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.
(4) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Corporation will be CLOSED from the 20th February, to the 28th February 1918, both days inclusive.

And Notice is also hereby given that an xtraordinary General Meeting of the above Corporation will be held at the Registered Office of the Corporation No. 3, Wallace Street, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of February, 1918, at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.) or so soon afterwards as the Ordinary General Meeting of the Corporation shall be concluded, when the Resolutions regarding Increase of Capital (as given in printed notices sent out to Shareholders) will be proposed as Extraordinary Resolutions.

By order of the Board of Directors.
WALLACE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Managers.

In accordance with Section 108 of the Articles of Association, the Books of the Corporation are open for the inspection of the Shareholders at the Office of the Corporation between 12 and 4 p.m., (S.T.)
Bombay, 12th Feb. 1918. 2422.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MR. DADABHAI HORMUSJI KATRUK, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, vritance, lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office in Gresham Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date heref, otherwsie the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground containing by admeasurement 100 (one hundred) square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's New No. 251 and New Survey No. 1382 together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C Ward No. 711 and Street Nos. 48 and 50 and which said premises are situate at Dhunji Street alias Mohta Moholla in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and bounded as follows: that is to say on or towards the East by the public road called Dhanji Street, on or towards the West by a Sweeper's passage, on or towards the North by the property formerly of Nowroji Framji Bode and now of Dinsha Nowroji Bode and on or towards the South by the property formerly of Jeevaji Sheriarji Bharucha and now of Nusserwanji Edulji Katruk and which premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendor.

Dated the 12th day of February, 1918.
MULLA & MULLA,
2434. Purchasers' Attorneys.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that FATMABAI, widow of SULLEMAN HAJI CASSUM has contracted to sell to our client, Mr. DAWOODBHOY ABDOOLALLY, the property more particularly described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having or claiming any estate right, title, interest, claim, or demand in to or in respect of the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, trust, charge, mortgage, sale lease, lien, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes Bombay and also to the undersigned at their office No. 5, Bell Lane, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, at the expiration of which period the sale will be completed without reference to such claim or claims, if any, and the same will then be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground and round rent tenure situate, lying and being on the east side of Syed Abdool Rehman Street, without the Fort Bombay, containing by admeasurement square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1447, New No. 7199, Old Survey No. 1/1058 and New Survey No. 1982 together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, and assessed by the Assessor & Collector of Municipal Rates & Taxes under B Ward No. 30 and Street No. 113-115 and which premises are bounded as follows that is to say on the north by the property of Haji Ahmed Haji Hassum on the south by the property of Memon Alana Abdool Rehman, on the east by sweeper's passage and on the west by the Abdool Rehman Street or Rangari Moholla.

Dated the 12th day of February, 1918.
JAMSETJI RUSTOMJI & DEVIDAS,
2432 Purchaser's Attorney's

ECONOMIZE
MAKE YOUR OLD TYRES IN-TO SOUND RUNNERS
DON'T BUY NEW TYRES.
Why pay high prices when we can renovate your Old Tyres positively equal to new ones at a nominal cost?
Write for our new Price List.
THE EAST INDIA RUBBER EXCHANGE CO.
Opposite Bank of Bombay.
SANDHURST ROAD, BOMBAY

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HASSAMBHAI MEHERALLI HAJI VAZIR has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. All persons therefore having any claims against or upon the said property by way of inheritance, bequest, possession, purchase, exchange, gift, trust, mortgage, charge, lease, lien, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived and the sale will be completed without reference to any such claims.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the redeemed quit and ground rent tenure together with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate at 1st Kamatipura Street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Fort, containing by admeasurement 41 3/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors Old No. 3445, New No. 1021/, Old Survey No. 3024, New Survey No. 5822 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward E. No. 1062, Street No. 31 and bounded as follows: that is to say on or towards the North by the 2nd Kamatipura Street, on or towards the South by the said 1st Kamatipura Street, on or towards the East by property belonging to a Kamati and on or towards the West by the property of Adam Haji Aboo Bucker.

Dated this 12th day of February, 1918.
ARDISIR HORMASJI DINSHAW & Co.,
2431 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HASSUMBHOY MEHERALLY VAZIR, of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan inhabitant has contracted to sell the property hereinafter described All persons having any claims or demands against or to the said property either by way of mortgage, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, lease, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 48, Medows Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land of quit and round rent tenure containing by admeasurement 136 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 1948, 1950, New No. 9083, Old Survey Nos. 221 and 222 and New Survey No. 4938, together with the messuage tenement or building standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C Ward No. 7613, Street Nos. 165 and 169, all which premises are situate at and on the East side of Kumbharwada Street at Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, and are bounded on the East by sweepers passage, on the West by Kumbharwada Stret, on the North by the property of Ramjanalli Rajaballi and on the South by property of Meghbai, widow of Dayal Mathuradas and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Vendor and his tenants.

Dated this 12th day of February, 1918.
VACHHA & Co.,
2439 Purchaser's Attorneys.

SALE BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & CO'S SALES.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Teakwood and Blackwood Household English Design Artistic Furniture, Jost Fans. Semi Grand Cottage Piano Durrie Carpets, Rich Glassware, Crockeryware, Etc., of Captain W. Priestly, R.F.A., now on Field Service.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on SUNDAY, the 17th February, 1918, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.) at the Bungalow of Mr. Haji Ebrahim Busheri, at Turner Road, Bandra (where all the goods have have been specially removed for sale), valuable blackwood and teakwood, artistic furniture, specially made to order by Wimbridge, etc., consisting of dining table meat-Safe, sideboard, reclining sofas, easy chairs, white paint cupboards, dressing chest of drawers, arm chairs, teakwood and blackwood teapoys, hall lamps, office tables, teakwood and blackwood screens. Durrie carpets, Jost fans, semi-grand cottage piano, single and double iron cots, glass mirrors, cane chairs, flower stands, marble top washing table, rich glassware, crockeryware, cooking utensils, etc.

The property of Captain W. Priestly, R.F.A. now on Field Service.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 13th Beb., 1918.

MENESSE & CO.

No. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE AND UNCLAIMED BOOKED AND UNBOOKED ARTICLES.

Under instructions from the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act IX of 1890, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, 23rd February, 1918, at 2 p.m., (S.T.), at the Railway Company Goods Depot, Colaba, next to the Tramway Co.'s Stables.

A quantity of valuable and unclaimed booked and unbooked articles, etc.

A description list of the booked articles can be seen at any station on the broad gauge section of the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

MENESSE & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 13th February, 1918.

GANDHI & CO

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS
No. 52 Medows Street.

AUCTION SALE OF 250 BAGS SULPHATE OF ALUMINA.

On WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of February, 1918, at 3 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will, by order of Messrs. T. R. S. Rajam and Co. and on account and at the risk of the Chemical and Hardware Agency, sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, No. 52, Medows Street, Fort:—

250 bags Sulphate of Alumina, each of about 1¼ to 1¾ cwts.

Full cash will be required at the time of sale for further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bhimji and Co., Attorneys for the Vendor at No. 50 Medows Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 13th Feb. 1918.

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Government of Maharashtra
on 09 April, 2017

SALE BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 29, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF MACHINERY.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will THIS-DAY WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant, sell by Public Auction at Madanpura Moreland Road at 3 p.m., (S.T.), by order of the party concerned the following:—

One boiler 20 x 6½, 125 lbs. pressure by John Marshall and Sons, one 12½ H. P. Steam engine, single cylinder, one Donkey pump, one feed pump, one 8-10 H. P. oil engine, water tanks, iron beams 26 ft. long pulleys, shaftings, iron plates etc., etc. The above is on view.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed and Confiscated Arms and Ammunition.

Under instructions from the Commissioner of Police, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will TO-MORROW THURSDAY, the 14th instant, at 3 p.m., (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at the Head Police Commissioner's Office, opposite Crawford Market:—

A large quantity of unclaimed and confiscated Arms and Ammunition consisting of daggers and spears rifles, shot guns, automatic pistols, revolvers, 455 bore and other bore cartridges, sulphur, etc.

The above will be on view on the day of sale.

On SATURDAY the 16th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods etc.

AT 2 p.m. (S.T.)

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred bicycle wheels landaulette by Press, in very good order.

1 secondhand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram.

1 secondhand rubber-tyred victoria.

1 Bay horse, aged, quiet in harness.

1 12-16 H. P. 4 cylinder, Dorraeye Motor Car, bosch megnets, zenith carburator, new tyres tubes with spare stepney wheel, in good running order.

RARE OPPORTUNITY
BONA-FIDE SALE.

GRAND AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE AND ARTISTIC FURNITURE.

Rare opportunity to Rajas, Princes and Wealthy Gentlemen to decorate Halls, Drawing Rooms, Temples, Museums and Gardens.

On SUNDAY, the 17th February, 1918, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, the remaining undermentioned furniture (brought from Junagad for the purposes of sale), at the ground floor of "Raval" Building, opposite N. Powell and Co., Lamington Road, Girgaum, very valuable and handsome rare artistic furniture, such as Bohemian cut glass, bedsteads, round tables, arm chairs, big mirrors, caskets, plates, vases, Bohemian glass double swings, mirror sofas, one she' pattern drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, brass bedsteads, gold embroidered rugs, sarees, borders, musk, amber, and very old Silajit electric chandeliers, large mirror door almyrahs, writing tables, dressing and wash-hand tables, cabinets, brass bedsteads, drawing room suite of sofa and chairs, rich vases and figures and many other articles ton numerous to describe.

The property of the late Vazir Saheb Bhandinbhai, C.I.E., of Junagad.

Catalogues are published and the above is on view.

N.B.—We recommend the public to view the articles as they are very seldom seen in Bombay.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTORS AND GENTLEMEN DESIROUS OF SECURING A GOOD RESIDENCE IN A VERY HEALTHY LOCALITY.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Vacant Piece of Land at Charni Road, opposite the Level Crossing, facing the Sea.

Under instructions from the Hon. Mr. Salebhoy Karimji Barodawalla, Receiver of the estate of the late Mr. Sarafally Mahomedally Tarawalla appointed by the High Court in Suit No. 1088 of 1912, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 19th day of February 1918, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises, the following immoveable property:—

All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground portion of it containing five hundred and sixty-seven decimal point eighty-one square yards is of freehold tenure not subject to payment of any ground rent or tax to Government and the remaining portion containing three hundred and fifty-seven decimal point nineteen square yards is of Pension and Tax tenure situate on the North side of Queen's Road in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement nine hundred and twenty-five square yards, or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 2, 90, 101, 33 and 38, New No. A/16882, Old Survey Nos. 148, 155, and 147, and New Survey No. 8B/8007, and assessed by the Municipality under D Ward No. 1213 and 1214 Street No. 1 and 2, Charni Road, and bounded on or towards the North by a private road on or towards the East by a private road, on or towards the South partly by the property of Mahomedbhoy Duttoobhoy and on or towards the West by the said Queen's Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made to Messrs. Merwanji, Kola and Co., Attorneys for the said Receiver at their Office, 14 K., Hummum Street, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS AT SOPARIBAUGH, PAREL.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on WEDNESDAY the 27th instant at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction, on plot No. 73 the following very valuable plots for a term of 999 years.

LOT NO. 1.—Very valuable building site known as Plot No. 72 Sopari Baugh estate, containing 689 square yards and having a frontage of 75 feet to Sopari Baugh Road.

LOT NO. 2.—A similar plot known as Plot No. 75.

LOT NO. 3.—A similar plot known as Plot No. 74.

LOT NO. 4.—An excellent building site situate at the junction of Hospital Avenue with Sopari Baugh known as Plot No. 301 containing 2185 square yards and having a frontage of about 286 feet.

N.B.—The land included in Lots No. 1, 2, and 3 is situated immediately behind the G. I. P. compound. The four plots now offered are the only ones on the east side of the Main Road remaining undisposed of.

For further particulars and conditions of sale and plan of the sites application may be made to the Board's Land Manager, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Arthur Crawford Markets, on MONDAY, the 4th proximo at 11 a.m., (B.T.) the right of collecting fair ground and feeding fees from cattle dealers, butchers, and all others at the Bombay Municipal Slaughterhouses Bandora, for 12 months, from 1st April, 1918 to 31st March 1919, and fees in the Fort Market, Arthur Crawford Beef Markets, Arthur Crawford Fish and Mutton Markets, Erskine Road Fish Market, Colaba Fish Markets, Pedder Road Fish Market, Mazagon, Kamatipura Market, Ferguson Road Fish Markets, Parel, Purbhadevi Road and Elphinstone Road Markets from fresh and salt fish sellers etc., who sit on the floor or other places not numbered either in line or outside under the

SALE BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & CO.—*(Contd)*

eaves of the markets and also collecting fees for weighing goods at the scales of the Arthur Crawford Markets for 12 months, from 1st April, 1918 to 31st March 1919.

For further particulars and conditions of sales, respectively, apply at the Municipal Commissioner's Office, Fort, or at the Office of the Superintendent of Markets, Arthur Crawford Markets or to the undersigned.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

BENNETT & Co.,

Bombay, 13th February, 1918.

J. S. MODY & CO.

20, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

Telephone No. 3409.

AUCTION SALE ON THURSDAY THE 14TH FEBRUARY, 1918, AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.),

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE MADE TO ORDER HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, COLLARD AND COLLARD COTTAGE PIANO, ETC., ETC.

On THURSDAY, the 14th day of February 1918 at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., are instructed to sell by public auction in their shop in Dean Lane adjoining Hummum Street, Fort, (where the kit has been removed for sale) very valuable teak and blackwood made to order household furniture, etc., comprising:—dining table, chairs, sideboard, dinner waggon, meatsafes, upholstered drawing room suites, Chesterfield sofa, glass door silver cabinets, marble top tables, almyrahs, hat stands, dressing & washhand tables clothes and gown presses, chest of drawers, rich carpets, table and hanging lamps, table ornaments, copper and aluminium utensils, crockeryware, electric table and ceiling fans, safe on stand, electric bronze table figures, book cases, sweet toned Collard and Collard cottage piano, etc., etc.

The property of a European gentleman.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

J. S. MODY & Co.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 13th February, 1918.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO

Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.

No. 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE
on
MONDAY, 18th February, at 4 p.m. (S.T.)
at
Messrs. MEHTA and Co.'s Auction Rooms, at 25, Meadows Street, Fort,
of
ANILINE DYES AND CHEMICALS.

Such as 100 lb. Benzo Majenta (Beyer's) in 1 lb. tin

100 lbs. Beyer's Majenta in 1 lb. tins in case.
224 lbs. Diazo Black B. H. in cwt casks.
110 lbs. Direct Green (loose)
91 lbs. Direct Green in cask.
101 lbs. Imperial Blue (sizing and stamping) in 7 oz. tins
240 lbs. Sulphur Brown in casks of 120 lbs.

also

15 cases each 700 lbs. Sodium Sulphide American 60 deg. 62 deg.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO MILL OWNERS, DYERS, STORE SUPPLIERS, AND COLOUR MERCHANTS.

PUBLIC AUCTION SALE OF ANILINE DYES CONSISTING OF

1.—20 cases each 100 lbs. Horse Brand Fast Congo Red (S. Narayen's) in ½ lb. packing (made in Austria).
2.—18 cases each 50 lbs. without number Horse and Fairy Brand Fast Congo Red in ½ lb. packing (made in Switzerland).
3.—1 case 100 lbs. Bayer's Congo Red 2 Boys Brand Fast Pink in 1 lb. packing (made in Germany).
4.—2 cases each 100 lbs. Rhinoceros Brand Fast Pink in 1 lb. packing (made in Germany).
5.—4 cases each 50 lbs. Oxamine Fast Pink B N E in 1 lb. packing (made in Germany) Badische.
6.—1 case 50 lbs. Superfine Green Crystals in 1 lb. packing (made in Germany).
7.—31 lbs. Malachite Green Crystals Sovereign Brand M M in ½ packing (made in Germany).
8.—99 lbs. Ebrahim Green E. T. C. in 8 ounce packing (made in Germany) Elephant and Tiger Brand.
9.—44 lbs. Green Crystals Flower Brand in ½ lb. packing (made in Germany).
10.—15½ lbs. Green Crystals in ½ lb. packing Fairy with Bugle Brand (made in Germany).
11.—28 lbs. Green Crystals in 8 ounce packing Three Sparrow Brand (made in Germany).
12.—11 lbs. Green Crystals Horse Brand in 8 ounce packing M.L.B. (made in Germany).
13.—21 lbs. Green Crystals Horse Brand in 8 ounce packing M.L.B. (made in Germany).
14.—23 lbs. Badische Green Crystals 2000 Elephant Brand in ½ packing (made in Germany).
15.—17 lbs. Best Green No. 229 in ½ lb. packing One Sparrow Brand (German Make).
16.—110 lbs. Best Green Crystals No. 11 B in 8 ounce packing Man on Elephant Brand P. S. (made in Germany).
16A.—111½ lbs. Best Green Crystals of various brands of original packing (made in Germany).
17.—1 case 25 lbs. Bayers Croscine Orange G. S. in ½ lb. packing (German Make).
18.—1 case 100 lbs. Orange No. 2 Five Faced Devi lable in ½ lb. packing Brahma Brand (manufactured in Germany).
19.—2 cases each 100 lbs. Chrysophenine Victoria Brand in 1 lb. packing (made in Switzerland).
20.—135 lbs. Brilliant Magenta, Jugannath Brand in ½ lb. packing (packing not guaranteed) made in Germany.

At Messrs. MEHTA and Co.'s Auction Rooms, at 25, Medows Street, Fort, on MONDAY, the 18th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.).

Samples on view.

Terms: Deposit 25 per cent. Delivery within 8 days.

MEHTA & Co.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 13th February, 1918.

WATCH FOR
The Favourite English Actor
MATHESON LANG
IN
"THE WARE CASE"
AT
NEW ALEXANDRA

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR — NEXT SATURDAY THE 16th

A NEW VERSION OF THE FAMOUS SERIAL

THE EXPLOITS OF ELAINE—

PEARL WHITE, ARNOLD DALY & EDWIN ARDEN.

Mustan Tank, Bellasis Road,

To-night ! *at 9-30 p.m. !!* *To-night !!!*

Matinees—Every Saturday and Sunday at 4-45 p. m.

Children under 12 half price to all parts to matinees only.

KARLEKAR'S ROYAL CIRCUS

4th Week 4th! Continued Success!!

Crowded Houses.

New Wonders! More Amazing Feats!!

PRICES AS USUAL.

Plan at All India General Agency

Thakurdwar 419.

T. G. Shellar, *Proprietor.* — J. W. Wallet, *Manager.*

CINEMA MAJESTIC

NEAR CIRCAUM TRAM TERMINAS Bombay.

"MAGNIFICENT"
is the Unanimous verdict of all those who have witnessed This week's programme with
The Picture Beautiful
SIRENS OF THE SEA
a ravishing dream of loveliness and enchantment
AT
CINEMA MAJESTIC.
REMEMBER
THE UNIVERSAL EXTRAORDINARY
"THE GRAY GHOST"
featuring
EDDIE POLO.
"Roleaux" of "Broken Coin" and "Pedro" of "Liberty" fame Commences
NEXT SATURDAY the 16th Instant.
This programme is supplied by the Universal Film Mfg. Co., Bombay.

IMPERIAL
"ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW"

TO-NIGHT
The beautiful and charming
MOLLIE KING
IN
PATHE'S SUPER SERIAL
MYSTERY OF THE DOUBLE CROSS.
Episodes 11th & 12th.

"PATHE GAZETTE" Latest. | "LONESOME LUKE Loses Patients." (2 Parts.)

TIME—7, 8-45 & 10-30 P.M. DAILY. MATINEE EVERY SAT. & SUN. 5 P.M.
EXTRA PRIZE MATINEE ON EVERY SUNDAY 3-30 P.M.
LAMINGTON ROAD. *POPULAR PRICES.*

AMUSEMENTS.

"TOPPING!!"

THAT is the verdict, to-day, of the Cinema patrons in Bombay for the Stupendous Splendid Serial

PROTEA IV

running its 3rd and its last week
AT THE
WEST END CINEMA
(New Churney Road)

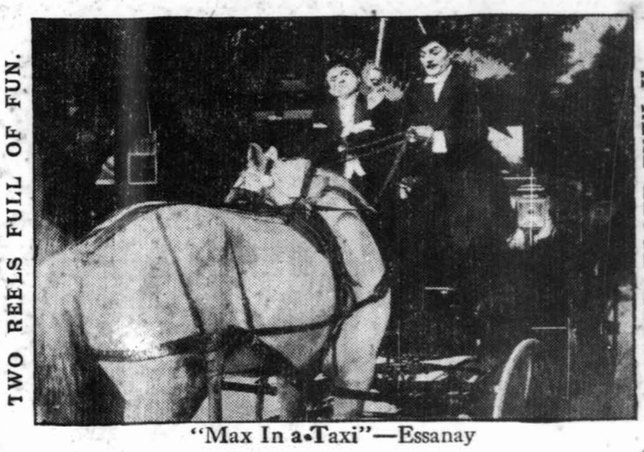
The concluding Chapters shown this week—episodes V and VI—are simply marvellous in their soul-gripping interest and unparalleled in their original conception.

Protea bids you farewell next Friday. So hurry up. Gaumont Graphic and a Comic film in the programme. Time and Prices as usual.

HURRY UP! ***HURRY UP!***

TAKE A TAXI AND COME TO SEE
"MAX IN A TAXI"
AT THE
ELDORADO
ITALIAN CINEMA
LAMINGTON ROAD—North.

TWO REELS FULL OF FUN.



A REAL LAUGH MAKER.

"Max In a Taxi"—Essanay

One of the finest Comedies produced by this Prince of Funmakers, who was paid the enormous sum of 20,000 dollars for an engagement of six weeks.

He will make you laugh till your sides ache.

Also showing A Drama of Intense Human Interest. "THE FLAMBEAU BENEATH THE BUSHEL."

Time and Prices as Usual. *Tel. No. 1304.*

The Most Sensational and Exciting Serial.
EXPLOITS OF ELAINE
3 Episodes Weekly 10,000 ft. each show
3 Shows Nightly 7; 8-45 & 10-30 p.m.
ANGLO-AMERICAN
CINEMA
NEW SANDHURST ROAD,
Khetwadi Junction.

NOW SHOWING

The stupendous spectacular UNIVERSAL'S under-the-sea production.

JULES VERNE'S
20000 LEAGUES UNDER THE SEA

The motion picture achievement of the century. The accomplishment extraordinary, bringing to the view of all mankind, unparalleled under-the-sea scenes that for ages have been denied to the people of the earth.

NOTHING LIKE IT ON EARTH.

Thrice nightly 7, 8-45, 10-30.

USUAL HALF RATES.

NEW ALEXANDRA
NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET.

THE
WILLINGDON SPORTS CLUB
HORSE SHOW

Will take place in the CLUB GROUNDS
on March 16th 1918 at 2-30 p. m.

Classes for Charges, Hunters, English and Colonial horses, Arabs and Country breds, Hacks, Ladies Hacks and Jumping competitions.

1st Entries Close at 8 p. m. on March 6th 1918
2nd Entries Close at 6 p. m. on March 10th 1918

Prospectuses will be issued shortly.

The Executive Committee have decided that after paying for expenses the balance will be devoted to "Queen Mary's" Technical School for Indian Soldiers (disabled).

Captain C. K. GREENWAY.
Honorary Secretary,
HORSE SHOW.
Body Guard Lines, Chowpatty.

AMUSEMENTS.

Last Nights of Present
MILITARY REVUE!
At 6-15 **To-night** At 9-45
Gaiety Theatre Edwardes
PALACE
OF VARIETIES
THE GAIETY REVUE CO.
presents
Melbourne's Revue Success
NOT—LIKELY
A Production Not to be Missed by any one

From To-morrow Thursday
OUR REPERTOIRE WEEK!
Sensational Attraction
A DISTINCT PIECE EACH NIGHT!!!
By
THE GAIETY REPERTOIRE CO.
including
TOM & EILEEN MELBOURNE

Thursday Feb. 14th
ALI BABA OR THE FORTY THIEVES.
Friday Feb. 15th.
MERRY MOMENTS
and
CARMINE-ETTA

Saturday Feb. 16th.
SMILE-STONES
Broken Mirror
SENTRY BOX.

Sunday Feb. 17th.
HUMORESQUE
Before or after the Honeymoon

Monday Feb. 18th.
THE PASSING SHOW

Tuesday Feb. 19th
ALADDIN or the Wonderful Lamp.

Wednesday, February 20th
KEEP SMILING
THE GIRLS HE LOVED.

Thursday, February, 21st
Everything New
THE TELEGRAPH BOY
GOOD-BYE FOR EVER.

THE SECRET 7
WHO ARE THEY?
Keep watching this paper.

WATCH FOR
The Favourite English Actor
MATHESON LANG
IN
"THE WARE CASE"
AT
NEW ALEXANDRA

A GRAND NOVEL SERIAL IN BOMBAY
An extra ordinary spanish zone story.
36,000 Ft. long
EACH INSTALMENT 9000 Ft.
Entitled
"GUSTICE OR BARCELONA MYSTERIES"
Commencing Sat. 9 Feb.
AT
THE
ALHAMBRA CINEMA
The Story opens
With
THREE LOVERS FOR ONE GIRL.
Prices Half only.
SATURDAY, SUNDAY PRIZE MATINEES AT 3-30 & 5-15 & EVERY NIGHT AT 7, 8-45, & 10-30 (S. T.)
NEW SANDHURST ROAD.
Telephone No. 2417.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE
EXCELSIOR
Lessees: The Excelsior Theatres Co., Ld.
To-night at 6-30 p.m. only
A NIGHT WITH THE WORLD'S
GREATEST COMEDIANS
and
BANDMAN VARIETIES
Enormous success of
LIEUT. GORDON
The Real Military Ventriloquist
and
"NOSEY" THE DRUMMER.
The limit in Mechanical Figures.
IN A NEW PROGRAMME.

The latest world's Star
LONESOME LUKE
IN
"LUCK RIDES ROUGHSHOD."
The always Merry and Bright
MAX LINDER
in an Up-to-date Farce
"A WATERPLANE ELOPEMENT."

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

THE CONVERSAZIONE (open to members only) will be held in the TOWN HALL on TUESDAY, 12th March, 1918, at 9-30 p.m., under the Patronage and in the presence of H. E. the GOVERNOR and LADY WILLINGDON.

Subscription and application for the membership (each member may bring two Lady guests) should be sent to HON. SECRETARY, Bombay Art Society, His Majesty's Assay Office, H. M.'s Mint, Fort. Last day for receiving pictures is WEDNESDAY NOON, the 6th March, 1918, at the Town Hall. 2423

THE EXCELSIOR.
9-30 TO-NIGHT 9-30
Wed. 13th Feb. at 9-30 p.m.
An Amateur production of Gilbert and Sullivan's Masterpiece.
"THE MIKADO"
"THE MIKADO"
"THE MIKADO"
will take place, and on the
14th, 15th and 16th Feb.
In aid of
LOCAL AND THEATRICAL WAR FUNDS
The Opera produced by **Mr. James McGrath.**
Orchestra under the Direction of **Mr. Edward Behr.**
Business Manager—**M. D. B. Binning.**
Plan now open at **Rose & Co.**

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE 'BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE
HOME OF CELEBRITIES.
EVERY DAY AT 6-45 AND 10.
GREAT SUCCESS OF NEW PROGRAMME.
"COUNTESS OF ARSENIA"
A Thrilling Drama with lot of rare scenes.
"LOST APPETITE"
A Comic.
PATHE GAZETTE.
AND A MUSICAL TREAT BY THE BEST THEATRE ORCHESTRA IN THE EAST.
Prices:—Rs. 1/8, 1, Ans. 8 and 4. Box Seats Rs. 2.

THE EMPIRE
Next Saturday, 16th February,
The Great EMPIRE serial
"THE NEGLECTED WIFE"
First two Chapters.

WATCH FOR
The Favourite English Actor
MATHESON LANG
IN
"THE WARE CASE"
AT
NEW ALEXANDRA

AMUSEMENTS.

The Universal Serial Extraordinary
THE GRAY GHOST
IN
16 EPISODES — 32 PARTS.
FEATURING
BEAUTIFUL PRISCILLA DEAN
DASHING EMORY JOHNSON
VILLAINOUS HARRY CARTER
AND
YOUR OLD FAVOURITE DAREDEVIL
EDDIE POLO.

Beautiful
Priscilla Dean
Leading Lady in the thrilling UNIVERSAL Photo Drama
"The GRAY GHOST"
Based on the great SATURDAY EVENING POST Story: "LOOT"
UNIVERSAL

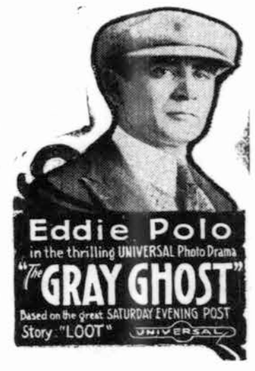
Emory Johnson
Leading Man in the thrilling UNIVERSAL Photo Drama
"The GRAY GHOST"
Based on the great SATURDAY EVENING POST Story: "LOOT"
UNIVERSAL

Mysterious in plot, gripping in action, swift as the wind, with a sweet love story running through the entire tale, is the marvelous serial "The Gray Ghost" based on the thrilling story "Loot" by A. S. Roche.

ENTHRALLING SITUATIONS—GRIPPING SCENES
MARVELOUS ACTION AND PUNCHES GALORE.

Harry Carter
in the thrilling UNIVERSAL Photo Drama
"The GRAY GHOST"
Based on the great SATURDAY EVENING POST Story: "LOOT"
UNIVERSAL

commencing
Next Saturday
16th February
AT
Your favourite Picture Palace


Eddie Polo
in the thrilling UNIVERSAL Photo Drama
"The GRAY GHOST"
Based on the great SATURDAY EVENING POST Story: "LOOT"
UNIVERSAL

CINEMA MAJESTIC
GIRGAON TRAM TERMINUS.
Three Shows nightly at 7, 8-45, and 10-30.
Special prize matinees on Saturdays & Sundays at 3-30 and 5-15.
Rates of admission
Balcony Rs. **1-8,** Reserved. As. **12** 1st Class As. **8.** Second Class As. **4.** Third Class As. **2.**
Entire Box of 4 Seats Rs. **6.**

THE EMPIRE PRESENTS ANOTHER GREAT FILM!
THE HALL CAINE MASTERPIECE!
THE PICTURE BEAUTIFUL **THE DEEMSTER** IN SEVEN GREAT ACTS
The story is by Hall Caine, the greatest living author.
ITS APPEAL IN PICTURE FORM IS TREMENDOUS!
It is Big Drama throughout and has been termed "THE PICTURE BEAUTIFUL"
The Great Fight on the Cliff between the sons of the Deemster and Bishop.
A TERRIFIC STORY OF A BLOOD FEUD ON THE ISLE OF MAN.
Derwent Hall Caine and 3,800 Players.

SMITH MOTOR WHEEL
ADDS LUXURY IN CYCLING
MAKES HILL CLIMBING EAS
OFFERS ECONOMIC JOURNEY
AND IS EASILY
DETACHED OR ATTACHED
TO ANY BICYCLE.
ADVANTAGES:
Like other wheels, it does NOT SLIP, nor does it BUMP when riding. It takes curves WITH the machine smoothly and well, and gives NO JERKS to the rider.
FOR PARTICULARS AND PRICE APPLY TO:—
S. BOYCE & Co., KARACHI

BEST KIND OF HAND PUMPS ON THE MARKET.

We have in stock various kinds of hand **pumps,** Myer's and other Companies'; including **Fire Hand Pumps,** which draw water from 10 to 150 feet deep wells.

Besides this we keep in stock **Grinding Mills, Oil Mills, Oil Engines** of various types, Rice **Hullers, Saw Mills, Sugarcane Crushers, Gold and Silversmiths' Rolling Mills,** Gins, Belts, Pulleys, Cylinder Oils, and all other kinds of accessories required for a workshop.

Please write to:—
Messrs. P. G. MUSKER & Co.
Machinery Agents,
63, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Feb. 12.

New disturbance caused some light rain north-west of Baluchistan and moving slowly eastwards. Maximum temperature considerably higher than usual over northwest India.

Forecast:—Few falls of rain and snow along northwest frontier and adjoining districts of Punjab with some light rain in Assam.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.
Bombay, 11th Feb. 1918.

Means of observations taken at 9 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.:

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	29.965 inches.
Temperature of Air	78.0 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	71.0 "
Dew Point	67.8 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.714 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloud=10)	0.0 "
Maximum temperature of Air	87.2 "
Minimum do	71.0 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	ENE, WNW, NW.
Movement of Wind do	123 Miles.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean time and depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time:	HIGH WATER. Depth on Sill.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time:	LOW WATER. Depth on Sill.
	Feb.	h. m.	ft. in.	Feb. h. m.	ft. in.
Tues.	12	m 11 51	28 10	12 m 5 50	16 0
Wed.	13	m 0 18	30 6	13 m 5 51a	14 6
		0 38a	29 3	6 29	15 3
Thur.	14	m 0 57	30 5	14 m 7 9	14 10
		1 24a	29 1	7 14a	15 11
Fri.	15	m 1 37	29 9	15 m 7 51	14 11
		2 12a	28 6	7 58a	17 3
Sat.	16	m 2 18	28 9	16 m 8 36	15 11
		3 4a	27 7	8 47a	18 9
Sun.	17	m 3 1	27 5	17 m 9 25	16 3
		4 0a	26 6	9 4a	20 4
Mon.	18	m 3 51	26 0	18 m 10 27	17 2
		5 23a	25 8	11 29a	21 5

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Feb	Sunrise.	Sunset
12 (Tuesday)	7h. 9m.	6h. 37m.
13 (Wednesday)	7h. 9m.	6h. 37m.
14 (Thursday)	7h. 9m.	6h. 38m.
15 (Friday)	7h. 8m.	6h. 38m.
16 (Saturday)	7h. 7m.	6h. 39m.
17 (Sunday)	7h. 7m.	6h. 40m.
18 (Monday)	7h. 6m.	6h. 40m.

Phases of the Moon:—

		d:	h.	m.
Last Quarter	Feb. 1918:	4	1	22.0 p.m.
New Moon	"	11	8	34.0 p.m.
First Quarter	"	18	6	29.0 p.m.
Full Moon	"	26	3	46.0 a.m.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, on the 12th February, 1918, was 30.195 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at hours on Tuesday, the 12th February, 1918, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is below normal except in the south-west Punjab. Day temperature above the average throughout; night temperature is in excess in the south Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear and the air is drier than usual. Day temperature is moderately above normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear except in lower Sind where light cloud is present and humidity is above normal. Day temperature is above the average except at Karachi. Night temperature is in excess in lower Sind and at some stations in Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. Day temperature is in considerable excess in Central India West and moderately so elsewhere.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear and humidity is generally below normal. Day temperature is above the average.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear. Day temperature continues above normal in the north Konkan.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear and the air is generally drier than usual.

General Remarks. Weather continues unsettled in Baluchistan and the Punjab; but no appreciable rain is reported.

A few showers may occur in the Punjab.

YOU
CANNOT
BOAST OF A
CLEAN KITCHEN
TILL
YOU BUY
THE BOSS
OIL-AIR STOVE
BUY NOW
L. ROYSAMPAT
NEW QUEEN'S ROAD, **BOMBAY.**
KASHMERE GATE—**DELHI.**
ELPHINSTONE ST.—**KARACHI.**

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Palace of Varieties: Tom Melbourne's Military Revue, "Not likely.'

Bombay Races: Second Day, First Race starts at 3-30 p.m.

Meeting of the Municipal Standing Committee, 1 p.m.

Excelsior Theatre: An Amateur production of Gilbert and Sullivan's Opera, "The Mikado" in aid of Local and Theatrical War Funds.

THURSDAY, Feb. 14.

Mrs. Besant's public lecture on "National Education," on open ground near French Bridge, Chowpatti, 6-30, p.m.

Palace of Varieties: Ali Baba.

Excelsior Theatre: Amateur production of "The Mikado" in aid of Local and Theatrical War Funds.

Mails for E. A. E. Force, Lamu, Mombasa, will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m.

FRIDAY, Feb. 15.

Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office, at 7-30 p.m.

Excelsior Theatre: Amateur production of "The Mikado" in aid of Local and Theatrical War Funds.

SATURDAY, Feb. 16.

Mrs. Besant's public lecture on "The Work before us," on open ground near French Bridge, Chowpatti, 6-30, p.m.

Excelsior Theatre: Amateur production of "The Mikado" in aid of Local and Theatrical War Funds.

MONDAY, Feb. 18.

Meeting of the Bombay Exemption Tribunal 11 a.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT.

Royal Opera House, Cinema at 6-45 and 10 p.m.

Karleker's Royal Circus, at Mastan Talao, Bellasis Road, 9-30 p.m.

Excelsior Theatre: Cinema and variety at 6-30 only.

Palace of Varieties: "Passing Show" Gaiety Theatre at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Empire Cinema: 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

Imparial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30.

Majestic Cinema: Girgaum, near Tram Terminus, 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

West End Cinema: Charni Road: 5-30, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15.

Anglo-American Cinema: Sandhurst Roa 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 7, 8-45 and 10-15.

New Alexandra Cinema: Lohar Chawl, Princess Street.

New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-45, 9-0 and 10-45.

Domestic Occurrence.

DEATH.

De'SILVA. At "The Haven" Magazon Matilda Magdalene (Molly) sister of Mrs. Frank Olivera. Funeral this evening the 13th instant 5 O'clock arriving at Dadar Church at 5-45 p.m., (S.T.). Relatives and friends kindly accept this intimation.

B. P. P. J. CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.

In January 1918, 419 males, 82 females and 189 children, making a total of 590 patients were treated at the Babu Panalal Charitable Dispensary at Pydhownie, Bombay.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

A meeting of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society will be held in the Society's Rooms on Thursday, the 14th February, at 6 p.m. (S. T.). A paper on "Sankaracharya and Kant: A comparison," will be read by Rev. Fr. R. Zimmermann, S. J.

MUSICAL CONCERT AT MADANPURA.

Under the auspices of the Social Service League, the Musicians from Gandharva Maha Vidyalaya will give a musical concert at Madanpura in the weavers' sheds on Thursday the 14th instant at 9 p.m., (S.T.). The concert is open to the public.

TENANTS CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION.

With a view to suggest a practical way of dealing with the landlords and also to suggest means for solving the problem of high prices in Bombay, a public lecture will be delivered by Mr. Narayen Rao Kulkerney to-day, at 6-15 p.m., (S.T.), in the Hall of the "Good Life League" Nanabhoy Lane, Hornby Road.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE.

Under the auspices of the Social Service League a programme of open-air sports was arranged on Sunday last, between 8 and 10-30 a.m., on the maidan facing Moreland Road. Boys irrespective of caste and creed were admitted to the sports, which consisted of high jumps, running races and tug-of-war. About 100 boys took part and among them there were in all 35 prize winners. The sports being over and prizes having been distributed, Haji Abdul Aziz Shah Saheb, the president, made a brief but appropriate speech exhorting the people assembled to co-operate in the work of social regeneration, Further he put into a nutshell the aims and scope of the League and drew the people's attention to the useful services rendered by the League in the amelioration of the backward classes. Mr. Syed Munewar, one of the workers of the League in charge of the Madanpura centre, announced that a night school will be opened and a Co-operative Credit Society and stationary library started for the benefit of the weavers in that locality. After a vote of thanks to the chair the interesting and successful function came to a close.

STUDENTS' FEDERATION (POONA).

A general meeting of the Poona Branch of the Bombay Presidency Students' Federation was held on Sunday last to elect the Branch office-bearers, Branch representatives on the Federal Council and on the Constitution Revision Committee. Mr. P. M. Limaye presided.

The following is the result of the elections:—

The Branch Executive Committee has elected Mr. P. M. Limaye, president; Mr. M. N. Kamat, vice-president; Mr. V. S. Divekar, Hon. Secretary and Treasurer while Messrs. V. P. Patwardhan, R. P. Kanhere, C. M. Jagatiani, V. G. Gadgil, S. M. Palmitkar and R. V. Chitre form ordinary members of the Executive Committee.

On the Federal Council are:—

Mr. V. S. Divekar, Mr. P. M. Limaye, Mrs. Kamalabai Deshpande, Mr. G. P. Desai, Mr. R. S. Vaidya and Mr. V. P. Patwardhan

On the Constitution Revision Committee are Mr. V. S. Divekar, Mr. D. V. Divekar, Mr. S. G. Bhave, Mr. S. D. Satwalkar and Mr. G. B. Nare.

HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

FASCINATION FOR ROBERRY.

RUNNING GOODS-TRAIN NOT A BUILDING.

(Before Justices Shah and Marten)

Nana Jora and three others v. The King-Emperor.

These were appeals made to the High Court by the appellants from the Sabarmati Jail at Ahmedabad.

These four accused were charged under Section 382 I. P. C. before Mr. B. C. Kennedy, Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad with committing theft on or about 21st July last of certain bags of flour from a running goods train on the railway lines between Anand and Nawli fter having made preparations for causing urt by providing themselves with sticks etc. Accused Nana and Sabha were charged with having caused hurt to the Police Officer adamiya in execution of his duty by striking him with sticks.

The Sessions Judge sentenced the accused Nos. 1, 2 and 4 to seven years' rigorous imprisonment under Section 380 and 75 I. P. Code. He acquitted accused No. 3 Gopaldar. Accused No. 5 was sentenced to two nd a half years' rigorous imprisonment for theft under Section 380 I. P. Code and two nd a half years' rigorous imprisonment for ausing hurt to the Police Officer. The latter sentence to be consecutive on the former sentence.

ARREST OF ACCUSED.

The facts are briefly these:—

On the 21st July 1917 a goods train with ertain bags of flour was going from Anand Nawli. The constables were patrolling the line on this section of the B. B. and C. I. Railway where thefts were very frequent. They noticed a waggon door open and following the train presently came to a place where there was a large number of people dealing with some bags, which were shown to have been removed from the train. Some of these people were in the fields and those were not recognised. There were, however, five men on the line itself and those were said to be the present accused. Three of the accused ran away at once but they with the other two were arrested and put on trial.

The Sessions Judge in dealing with the evidence against the first accused Nana observed that there was no doubt of his presence there. He was quite unmistakable as he had lost a leg and arm in a previous railway accident. This fact might make one a bit sceptical as to agility and power of resistance but the general opinion seemed to be that he was quite capable of activities of a surprising kind, and from what he saw of him he should say that this opinion was correct. The present accused and others appeared to be suspected of forming an organised gang for the purpose of railway thefts. The result of the whole evidence was that the accused were guilty of theft from a building and that accused No. 5 was also guilty of hurt to the Police Officer. It was curious and interesting to see how this running train robbery exercised a fascination on people who had been once guilty of it.

A WRONG SECTION.

Justice Shah in delivering the judgment observed:—

In these appeals we think that the convictions under Section 380 of the Indian Penal Code are not proper in asmuch as a running goods train is not a building within the meaning of section 380. They must be altered to convictions under section 379 P. Code.

We are satisfied that all these appellants did take part in the theft. In view of the altered convictions we have considered the sentences. In the case of accused No. 1 Nana Jora we think the sentence must be confirmed. In the case of accused No 2 Babar Dhola we reduce the sentence from 7 years to 5 years' rigorous imprisonment. In the case of accused No. 4 Bapu Fula we think the ends of justice will be met by sentencing him to three years' rigorous imprisonment. We reduce the sentence accordingly from 7 to 3 years' rigorous imprisonment. In the case of accused No. 5 Sabha Abha we think that a total sentence of three years' rigorous imprisonment will meet the requirements of the case, and with that view we reduce the sentence passed on him under section 332 of the Indian Penal Code from 2½ years to six months' rigorous imprisonment and confirm the sentence passed on him in respect of the charge of theft. The sentence will run consecutively as directed by the Lower Court with the result that the will have to undergo on the whole rigorous imprisonment for three years.

JUSTICE MARTEN'S VIEW.

Justice Marten observed:—I wish to add this. During the argument I intimated that a serious mistake had been made in allowing witness No. 7 to give the following evidence which appears in the learned Judge's Notes viz. "Accused Bapu" Fula (No. 4.) was a co-accused with my brother in a theft case and got 1½ years." I now find on refrence to the vernacular record that this note of the reference is incorrect. It was not accused No. 4 but his brother and a brother of the witness also were both sentenced to 1½ years' rigorous imprisonment. Further these facts did not come out in examination-in-chief as would appear from the Judge's otes, but in cross-examination by accused No. 4 himself. It was therefore accused No. 4 himself who brought out the statement that he had been charged before this theft, and though in itself is regrettable in a criminal case, accused No. 4 has only himself to blame for eliciting it. With regard to the finding that a running goods waggon is a building, that is an obvious slip on the part of the judge and cannot possibly be supported. I entirely agreee with my learned brother with the convictions and sentences he proposes to substitute for that passed by he Sessions Judge.

MAGISTRATE'S WANT OF DISCRETION.

INABILITY TO DISCERN POLICY OF STATUTE,

Molu Narayan Amberkar v. The King-Emperor.

(Before Justices Beaman and Heaton.)

This was a reference submitted to the High Court by Mr. C. E. Palmer, Sessions Judge of Ratnagiri, under section 438 of the Criminal Procedure Code for the final order of the High Court, as the Sessions Judge was unable to deal with as provided by law.

The facts are briefly these:—

The petitioner's house at Tulsunde in the Ratnagiri District was searched by the Abkari Sub-Inspector on the 29th of June, 1907, and 24 bottles, i.e., 18 drams of toddy liquor of varying strength were found. The petitioner alleged that he brought the liquor from the Jaitapur and other liquor shops in British territory.

The Second Class Magistrate Mr. S. S. Karnad decided that the liquor had been prepared in foreign territory and convicted the petitioner of an offence under section 14-A, Bombay Abkari Act, and sentenced him under section 43 (a) to rigorous imprisonment for 15 days and a fine of Rs. 100, in default, further rigorous imprisonment for one month.

The box in which some of the toddy was found, contained currency notes, cash and other things. In lieu of confiscating this property under section 54 (c) of the said Act the Magistrate under section 55 (1) gave the petitioner the option of paying a fine of Rs. 50.

In appeal the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Mr. J. A. Maden, confirmed the conviction, but reduced the sentence to one week's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50, or in default, further imprisonment for a fortnight. The order under section 55 (1) was confirmed.

The Sessions Judge, Mr. Palmer, in his reference observed: "In this case I see no reason to doubt the correctness of the conviction, but after making all due allowances for the prevalence of Abkari offences in the Rajapur Taluka, I think the sentence was unnecessarily severe. There seems to have been no justification whatever for the order of fine under section 55 (1). As the petitioner has already undergone the period of imprisonment I would recommend that the Rs. 50 fine imposed under section 55 (1) and Rs. 40 out of Rs. 50 fine imposed under section 43 (a) be returned to the petitioner."

JUDGMENT.

Mr. Justice Heaton in delivering the judgment observed:—"We accept the recommendation of the Sessions Judge in this case. We reduce the fine imposed under section 43 (a) of the Abkari Act, by Rs. 40 so that it will remain Rs. 10 instead of Rs. 50, and we remit altogether the fine imposed under section 55 (1) and fine, if paid, should be refunded to that extent. The bottle containing a small quantity of toddy was found in the box belonging to the accused and in the box there were currency notes, cash and other things. The Magistrate held that in purview of the clause (c) of section 54, everything in the box was liable to confiscation, because the box also held a bottle of toddy and he imposed a fine of Rs. 50 instead of confiscating these things. I should imagine if ever there was a case in which the power of confiscation was intended not to be used, it is in a case of this kind."

Mr. Justice Beaman in his judgment said:—I entirely agree. I think that the sentence animadverted upon by my learned brother, shows a remarkable want of discretion on the part of the Magistrate and total inability to discern the true intent and policy of the statute under which he was acting."

Mr. S. V. Palekar appeared for the appellant.

The Government Pleader represented the Crown.

LOSS OF NOTES AND JEWELLERY.

BIG HAUL BY A THIEF.

Mr. Dawood Khan Salebhoy, residing in bungalow at Walkeshwar Road, has reported to the police the theft of jewellery and currency notes of the value of Rs. 22,109. The trunk, in which the jewellery and currency note were placed, was found in the garden, but the jewellery and currency notes were missing The total value of the property missing Rs. 22,109, out of which property worth Rs 1,702 was found lying in the compound. cook, who was only six days in the employ of the complainant's father, has disappeare suddenly since the night of the 10th instant

RS. 5 FOR TRESPASSING ON RAILWAY LINES.

Before the Girgaum Bench of Honorary Magistrates, Head Constable Anant Vishnu, of the B. B. and C. I. Police, charged one Abdul Rahim Haji Bukhsh with trespassing on the railway lines. It was alleged that on the 26th ultimo, about 8 a.m., the accused crossed the railway lines at the Grant Road station to go from one platform to the other, and was arrested. He was convicted and fined Rs. 5.

WORK OF THE POLICE COURTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—In connection with the recent food riots in Bombay that occurred on the 25th and 26th ultimo as the report runs about 300 persons are under arrest as undertrial prisoners. It was reported a few days ago in your columns that unfortunately two persons our of these, one Shivram Suryaji died of tetanus and another Basan Bhagvandin died of pneumonia, whilst in custody as undertrial prisoners. Now it is an accepted canon of criminal law that a man is deemed innocent till he is convicted and found guilty after a fair and full trial. The sympathy and pity, therefore, of all right thinking persons will naturally extend to these two unfortunate persons who must have been during the last hours of their existence on this earth separated and away from their dear friends and relations. Similarly the wounded feelings of the relations of these unfortunate persons can well be imagined than described. But such things, it may be argued in practice, are unavoidable. It may be so to some extent, still I think it is the duty of all wise and vigilant Government Officers to do all in their power and see that the hardships and inconveniences of all undertrial prisoners are reduced as far as possible; and I say special attention should be given to this more particularly, when the number of prisoners is large as in the cases that have cropped up as a result of the food riots disturbances. For when large numbers of persons are arrested, along with guilty few innocent are unavoidably mixed up and are under arrest as undertrial prisoners.

It was the humane desire on the part of the Government not to keep any innocent undertrial prisoners a day more in custody than is absolutely necessary and not to prolong unnecessarily the misery of undertrial prisoners whether they may be found guilty after a fair and full trial or not, that the Government was pleased to appoint Mr. B. N. Athavale as an Additional Presidency Magistrate, incurring thereby an additional expense of about Rs. 800 a month in these war times. But unfortunately the best is not being made of this additional convenience offered by the Government and its object is to a great extent frustrated by the way in which the work is distributed by the learned Chief Presidency Magistrate. For under the present arrangement the Additional Magistrate Mr. B. N. Athavale simply relieves the learnd Third Presidency Magistrate of his usual work, which ordinarily was enough to keep him busy only for 2-3 hours a day. And the learned Third Presidency Magistrate alone is called upon to try all these riot cases. As it is, only one casa has been taken up and till it is finished the accused in other cases will remain in jail and the last batch of undertrial prisoners in the last of these cases may be in jail for a period of 2 months or more before they are put up for trial. Certainly this is not a desirable state of things and this surely does not adequately serve the Government's object. I therefore suggest that the learned Chief Presidency Magistrate should ask all the Presidency Magistrates to forthwith begin the trial of one of these cases for half of the day, devoting the other half of the day to ordinary work, so that in a few days' time the evidence for the prosecution at any rate may be led against all the accused in these cases and those of them against whom, there is no evidence enough to frame a charge may be let off.

I believe the learned Chief Presidency Magistrate ought to so distribute the work as to avail himself of the spare time of all the Presidency Magistrates, who for want of work, now and again rise at 2-30 and sometimes earlier and if need be I say less important work in which accused are not in custody may be postponed for some time, till these cases are finished.

As it is, only, five hours a day are devoted to only one of these cases. But if in the way above suggested five cases be tried at a time at least some innocent accused persons who are in prison will have chance of an early release. For under the British Law as it now is, a man who suffers at the hand of the State as an undertrial prisoner is not entitled to any compensation from the State, which is the case in some advanced States.

Besides the Presidency Magistrates get one off day in a week, and if the learned Chief Presidency Magistrate can succeed in inducing all the Presidency Magistrates to give up their off days in these war times and during the time that these cases are pending I believe a great service will be rendered to the innocent undertrial prisoners who are locked up in jail and to their anxious and aggrieved relations, who deserve sympathy.

Yours, etc.,

A POLICE COURT PRACTITIONER.

TO-DAY'S RACES.

FORECAST,

(By our Racing Correspondent.)

For the 1st Division of the Imperial Plate we like

ROYAL COURT

first AMIR ASWAD second, BLACK IVORY third. Fluke PACIFIC or ANGLER.

For the 2nd Division of the same plate

AURANGZEEB

first, SECOND STRING second, BORJORA third, DUHLLOW fluke.

For the Pawai Plate

SUNGREBE

first, SAUNTERER second, KIT GREY LEG third, ADELAIDE fluke.

VERGE or SALANDRA

stands alone in the Malabar Hill Plate, ROI D'ECOSSE second.

ROSE HILL

is reported to have beaten RUBY MINE in a long distance gallop so we give him the first chance, SINGER second, DARTMOOR third fluke UNION JACK.

BILLY BAWN

will win the Adelaide Plate GLASS ROCK may repeat. He is the best placed to invest, DOLLET third. WEYHILL is a good fluke.

MARGREEN

first in the Mahaluxmi Plate GLADIATOR second, LADY MURIEL third, MATCHLESS MAUD fluke.

WESTERN INDIA TENNIS TOURNAMENT

The following matches were played at Queen's Road, yesterday:—

Mr. Rang Rao and Chief of Manavadar beat Mr. E. Fido and Harwood, 6—1, 4—6, 10—8.

Mr. Fyzee and Mr. Chinmulgand beat Mr. Jeejibhoy and Mr. Pocha, 6—3, 6—3.

Mr. Matthews and Mr. M. John beat Mr. Liladhar and Mr. G. L. Merchant, 8 6, 6 3.

Mr. Burn and Mr. Gunther beat Mr. Gunjikar and Mr. Shirgoaker, 6—1, 6—3.

Mr. Fakuda and Mr. Yanagida beat Mr. Metha and Mr. Hasham, 6—2, 6—4.

Mr. England and Mr. Cheetham beat Mr. Reid and Mr. Jukes, 6—2, 6—2.

Mr. Shimidzu and Mr. Okamato beat Mr. R. Morarjee and Mr. Sunderrao, 5—7, 6—2, 6—2.

Mr. B. K. Mehandle and Mr. E. K. Joshi, W. O. 5—7, 6—2, 6—2.

Mr. Engineer and Mr. Naorojee beat Mr. Modi and another, 8—6, 2—6, 6—0.

Mr. Barracleugh and Mr. Brough beat Mr. Takuchi and Mr. Tunaka, 3—6, 6—4, 6—4.

TO-DAY'S PLAY.

The following matches, will be played at Queen's Road, at 4-15 p.m. to-day:—

COURT No. 6.—Singles:—Mr. Sunderrao and Mr. Jeejibhoy followed by Mr. Shimidzu and Mr. Liladhar.

5 P. M.

COURT No. 1:—Mr. Morarjee and Mr. Fakuda.

COURT No. 2.—Mr. Rang Rao and Mr. Joshi.

COURT No. 4.—Mr. Krishnaswami and Mr. Gunjikar.

COURT No. 5.—Mr. Amin and Mr. Wagle.

On the First Vacant Court:—Mr. Fyzee and Mr. Chinmulgand v. Mr. Modi and Mr. Allana.

PALACE OF VARIETIES.

Tom Melbourne at the request of many is introducing a Repertoire week at the Gaiety Theatre commencing from to-morrow. Every evening a complete change of programme will be presented comprising such popular productions as the Aladdin pantomime, Ali Baba (a nonsensical version of the forty thieves), with its wonderful Eastern finale, the successful revue "Humoresque," showing Tom and Eileen Melbourne at their best in their characterestic style of entertainment. Further their delightful naval revue "The Passing Show," in which Tom Melbourne and Bunny Austin scored a phenomenal success as Bob and Bill, showmen, managers and sailors will be followed by "Aladdin and his wonderful lamp." Another novel attraction is the revue "Keep Smiling" with its queer Chinese playlette "The Joss man" etc. The amusement-loving public in Bombay are indeed in for a good time and as every one knows the entertainments presented by Tom Melbourne are really above the average given in any Eastern Variety Theatre, it behoves patrons to secure their seats early. as there is no doubt that the Gaiety will find all its work cut out to accommodate their audience.

NEW ALEXANDRA.

The management of the New Alexandra Cinoma will submit "The Ware Case" to the public on Saturday next. The production is one which had such a tremendous vogue at Wyndham's Theatre, starring Mathesan Lang, "the matinee idol," the man who electrified Bombay some years ago. Perhaps, never before had a British Film Producing Company attempted such an arduous task and so ambitious a production with such profound success. Mr. Lang has expressed himself delighted and charmed with the film, which he says, embodies the very spirit of the original play. The acting, production, and quality have rarely been equalled in the history of cinematography, and the theatre is sure to be packed on Saturday next. In this production another attraction is the able support of Miss Ivy Close and Miss Violet Hopson taking the principal female roles.

Sir Henry Rattigan and Mr. Justice Rossignol on Monday passed orders rejecting the appeal preferred by Mr. E. Tejbhan, late Subordinate Judge, Gurdaspur, in the Kastiwal bribery case in which the appellant was convicted and sentenced to two years' imprisonment and Rs. 300 fine by Mr. Boyd, Special Magistrate, Ludhiana, on a charge under Secion 161 of the Penal Code.

At a public meeting of the people of Dhulia, held on the 10th instant, Mr. V. N. Paranjpye presiding, it was resolved that "the people of Dhulia most earnestly pray that the question of underground drainage for Dhulia be postponed." A eputation was appointed to wait upon the Collector of West Khandesh and a Committee was authorised to take necessary steps in pursuance of the objects of the meeting.

CONGESTION AT GRANT ROAD PLATFORM.

DEMAND FOR ANOTHER OVER-BRIDGE

The Agent B. B. & C. I. Railway has been addressed by Messrs. Rustamji and Ginwala (Solicitors) under instructions from their clients, the residents of Grant Road:—

We are informed by our clients that while going to and returning from their offices, schools, colleges and place of business, in the morning and evening, they find it very difficult to cross the over-bridge, and especially ladies and school-going children find it extremely inconvenient to pass and repass, in view of the heavy traffic over the bridge and the dense population round about Grant Road.

We are informed by our clients that, though there is less traffic and a smaller population at Bandra, there are two over-bridges, one for 1st and 2nd class passengers and the other for 3rd class passengers, and consequently there is greater necessity for two similar over-bridges at Grant Road. The difficulty of crossing is much more increased by fishermen and women, milk-men and vegetable sellers crosing the bridge with heavy loads and baskets.

We are therefore instructed by our clients to request you to put up another over-bridge similar to the one at Bandra for 1st and 2nd class passengers and to allow the 3rd class passengers to use the present bridge. We may point out here that the grievance is absolutely real and requires to be remedied at an early date.

We hope and trust that the question would not be shelved on the ground that such expenditure could not be incurred in war time, in view of the fact that it is an absolutely necessary expenditure.

We have, therefore, to request you to let us know what you propose to do in the matter.

THE SMALL OFFICIAL.

Thousands of people of both sexes in Great Britain, writes Mr. Edward Cecil in the "Daily Mail," are now feeling very happy, either because they have become small public officials or see the prospect of soon obtaining some small official position. Many know that they are taken on for these posts temporarily, but they hope that they will become permanent. Many are women who are, for the first time, able to secure satisfactory employment, and it is satisfactory from many points of view that these women are finding useful work.

But a great many of those I am thinking about are boys and girls who are being assiduously prepared for the new prospect in life—the career of the small public official. By "small public official" I mean either the Civil Servant or the servant of any local authority or board who is paid a small regular salary for the regular performance of routine work.

The immense growth of the "official" class which threatens to absorb a very large part of the wage-earning members of the lower middle-class is a very important question with which I am not for the moment dealing. But it would be very desirable if those who are enthusiastically looking forward to the small official post as a career in life would reflect upon the disadvantages as well as the much advertised advantages of this sort of position.

* * * * *

In the first place, these posts must always carry small salaries. The small salary means the small and restricted life. It is extremely possible that the cost of living may never return to the pre-war level; and this only emphasises the inadequacy of the small official salary to cover the demands of a satisfactory life. The small official must always keep up a small respectability. That will cost him or her practically all he or she is ever likely to earn. There will be no margin for marriage—or, at any rate, marriage with a proper family.

Furthermore, the life of the small official becomes a very narrow life. There is no prospect to work up to; there is no incentive to shine; there is no necessity to, do anything except just to get through the day's work as little trouble to oneself as possible. This spells, in the long run, incompetence. Anyone who knows the Civil Service will be able to bear witness to the fact that the small Civil Servant is almost invariably a person with a small and narrow outlook upon life. He is very seldom a really happy man because he is always bound and fettered by the limitations of his small salary and his surroundings.

Those who are so anxious at the present time to gain official posts ought to be told that if they do gain the advantage of safety and security they are paying practically this price. They are burying themselves alive for the rest of their lives in a narrow existence in which they will gradually become very useless members of the community.

The small official is a parasite who lives on the community. He does nothing to put blood into the veins of the nation.

(Continued from Column 6.)

—who had told him that no appointment had been made and supported by him simply out of considerations of colour or creed. But this was the first time that such a consideration had been brought forward, and that was by the Moulvie. He deprecated such an attitude. They had to do their best for education, and those interests which were mixed up with policies should never be brought forward where matters of education were being considered. He hoped the University would in future be a self-governing body, instead of being controlled and nominated by outside bodies.

AMENDMENT NEGATIVED.

Prof. Limaye in replying said he was himself a nominated member, and he had not speken anything against the nominated members of the Senate, for that would be passing a vote of censure against himself.

The amendment was, however, negatived.

Mr. Mirza's amendment to reduce the number of elected Fellows by Registered Graduates from 20 to 15 was also negatived.

The Senate then adjourned to March 22.

UNIVERSITY CONSTITUTION.

EXPANSION OF THE SENATE.

PROPOSED INCREASE IN ELECTED FELLOWS.

M. A. DEGREE.

A meeting of the Senate was held on Monday in the University Hall, Mr. C. H. Setalvad, the Vice-Chancellor, presiding.

The Hon. Mr. R. P. Paranjpye moved:

That the Report of the Faculty be adopted and that the following Regulation be inserted between Regulations 49 and 50 in Arts (page 99 of the current University Calendar):—

"49A. A Batchelor of Arts of a University recognised by this University will also be admitted to this Examination, provided that he submits with his application a certificate, signed by the Principal of an affiliated Arts College, or by a University Professor, Reader or Lecturer to the effect that he has studied for the Examination under the direction of Professors in any College affiliated to this University or Professors, Readers or Lecturers in this University, for a period of two years after passing the B.A. Examination of his own University. Candidates appearing under this Regulation will not be eligible for the Chancellor' Medal awarded at the Examination."

He said they should have some sort of arrangement as set forth in the motion. About the Chancellor's Medal he thought it was the highest honour they could confer and it was but proper that only those students who had taken both their degrees in their University should get it.

Mr. K. S. Aiyer seconded and the motion was adopted.

UNIVERSITIES ACT.

An adjourned meeting of the Senate was then held when the Report of the Committee appointed by the Senate on the 28th July 1917 to consider in all their bearings the amendments of the Indian Universities Act proposed by Mr. Vishvanath P. Vaidya. The report had recommended that 25 fellows should be elected by College professors, assistant professors and lecturers; 5 by head masters of registered schools; 20 by registered graduates; 10 by faculties; 10 by public bodies and 30 to be nominated by Government, the total being 100.

The Hon. Mr. R. P. Paranjpye moved: "That the Report of the Committee be approved and adopted and that the Government of Bombay be requested to move the Government of India to take steps for the amendment of the Indian Universities Act in so far as this University is concerned on the lines laid down in the Committee's Report."

Mr. Paranjpye said very few words were necessary to be said at this time of the day. A vast body of opinion in the country was in favour of the Senate being composed of a greater number of elected fellows, and the Government of India had accepted this principle in the constitution of the Patn University. In the Patna University out 70 Fellows, 50 were elected by the various bodies. In the case of Bombay out of 100 fellows 70 would be elected. He thought that the elected element in the Senate should be very considerable indeed and the time had come for this change. The mover then went into the broad details of the report.

Prof. G. C. Bhate seconded the motion.

PROF. LIMAYE'S AMENDMENT.

Professor H. G. Limaye moved an amendment that the nominated fellows by Government should be reduced from 30 to 25. He said even in a backward place like Patna they had a larger majority and he did not see why Bombay should have such a larger Government element on the Senate.

Dr. Arthur Powell said he did not see the need of public bodies having to choose their Fellows on the Senate, unless it was that the University wanted to fish for funds. In that case he would suggest that the Western India Turf Club should be allowed to elect two Fellows (laughter) on the Senate.

Mr. Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan opposed the amendment. There were various interests which ought to be represented on the Senate, and Government nomination was the only way for them to have any voice in the affairs of the University.

Mr. Visvanath P. Vadya in supporting the amendment said if the constituencies were able to send the best men to the University there would be no need for Government nominations.

Mr. H. J. Bhabha opposed the amendment.

INTERESTS OF "MINORITIES".

Moulvie Rafiuddin Ahmed said instead of reducing the number of the nominate fellows to 25 he wanted it to be rather increased to 50. There were various interests to be considered when considering such a question. They should also have to take the interests of the minorities into their consideration. He feared that they were mixing politics with education and he opposed the amendment.

Mr. P. Anstey said there was a great need of public bodies being brought more into contact with the universities than was the case at present. Dr. Powell had spoken in the usual way adopted by all Englishmen who were resident in this country for many years, and who did not know what happened in their own country.

MOULVIE REBUKED.

Dr. Harold Mann said he supported the amendment although Government had utilised their power of nomination in an exceedingly fine manner during the past few years. With regard to the point raised by Mr. Rafiuddin about the interests of the various communities, and castes, which he was glad to say was not raised by Mr. Mirza, such a point had never before—up to that time—been raised in the University by any one. There was no greater opponent of such a view than Sir Pherozeshah Mehta—at whose footstool the speaker had the honor of sitting and learning many things

(Continued in Column 5.)

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Wednesday, February 13, 1918.

A DISGRACE TO BRITAIN.

We have had occasion more than once to call attention to the oppressive treatment to which Indian labourers on the Ceylon plantations are subjected at the hands of the planters and their agents. It is amazing that the Imperial Government should continue to be indifferent to the existence in Ceylon of a system of labour which, to all intents and purpose, is no better than the indenture system,—that is, a form of organized slavery, though it goes under the name of "free labour." It is the system under which breaches of civil contracts are punishable and have been almost daily punished with imprisonment with hard labour. Thanks to the vigorous agitation carried on by the Ceylon Social Service League in England as well as Ceylon, the authorities in the island passed an ordinance last year, exempting children from the imprisonment. But women are still liable to simple imprisonment on second conviction, and men, as before, remain subject to imprisonment with hard labour, even on first conviction. Under the same system of "free labour," women are exposed to the dangers involved in the practice of entrusting warrants against them to men for execution—dangers which are increased by the incitements given by advertisements of estate superintendents offering rewards for the arrest of "bolted coolies." This does not exhaust the evils of the system. By tying labourers down to the estate that gives the advance, it tempts the planter to regard the labourer as his chattel. That unfortunately the Ceylon planters, with but few exceptions, do actually regard the labourers as their property is sufficiently notorious. Nor is that all. They treat the labourers, or allow them to be treated, with a species of cruelty that can only be regarded as abominable. The world knows little of this because the planter is too powerful for a poor Indian "cooly" to lodge a complaint against him in a court of law, and also because—and this is not seldom the case—the law, as it is administered in Ceylon Courts, seems to excist only to cheat him of justice. It is not unnatural that the monstrous license allowed under the system of so-called free labour should tend to demoralise the planter himself. A correspondent, presumably a planter, has sent to the "Hindu" the following cutting from the "Ceylon Observer" of 31st January last.

MATALE SUPERINTENDENT CHARGED WITH HURT.

Accused Acquitted: Complaninant Fined. Before Mr. E. F. Marshall, P. M. K. Suppen, of Galgewatte, charged Mr. Graham, Superintendent of Mousagolla, with causing hurt, and 4 coolies, with wrongful restraint on the 16th. Complainant was on the estate 10 years. Wanting to leave he for six months had asked for a tundu but got none. The last time the Superintendent said: "If you ask again, I will send you to jail after giving you 25 cuts." He went to his Proctor on the 14th and got a letter of demand. He had no leave from the Superintendent and there was no work: he returned with the letter that day. On the 16th he was sent for and the Superintendent asked: "Did I not tell you not to go to Court? I am not afraid of the Court or Proctors." He was then put on a table and held down by the other four while the Superintendent gave him 12 cuts with a cane. He came to Court and was asked to produce a medical certificate. Certificate stated complainant had several linear abrasions and contusions across the buttocks and right hip by strokes with a cane or stick.

Mr. Graham said complainant was away from work on July 15th and on several occasions before that. He asked him whether he would like 12 cuts or Court. He preferred caning. Complainant got on the table and the other accused merely held him.

The Magistrate said defence pleaded this was a case under section 72 C. P. C. and compared it to the case of a schoolmaster and pupils, and captain and crew. He upheld the contention in view of Superintendent's statement and acquitted all the accused. He next asked complainant why he should not be punished for bringing a frivolous case. Having no cause to show, he was ordered to pay Crown costs Rs. 5 and to each accused Rs. 5 as compensation; in default fourteen days' simple,—Matale Cor., January 31.

"This sorry specimen of humanity," says the "Hindu," "in his covering letter dated Ceylon the 3rd instant signs himself as "Rilly Bally Ruffian" and delivers himself of the following greeting to us which, as our readers will readily perceive, justifies the pseudonym selected by the author."

"I enclose a cutting from the "Ceylon Observer" of the 1st instant, for the digestion of all Home Rule howlers like you. It is any way the way we plante s and magistrates of this tight little Island treat you Indian beggars. Of course what you wll never reconcile yourself to is that this assistance of four coolies should have been required to horsewhip a cooly who was willing to take the punishment."

The pitiful level of moral degradation to which this writer has descended in his undisguised enjoyment of the cruelties inflicted on labourers is, we agree with our contemporary, so obviously repellant that no words need be wasted on him. But the case referred to by him throws a lurid light not merely on the condition of labour in Ceylon, but on the scandalous mal-administration of justice by the Courts in that island, not to speak of the alarming demoralization of the planting community itself. The Indian labourer is supposed to be free. Where is the freedom when a labourer wishing to obtain leave is thus handicapped and punished? If he thinks of appealing to the Court, as Suppen did, the Superintendent of the estate tells him that he is not afraid of courts or proctors. When Suppen, as a last resort, presented a notice to the Superintendent from his Proctor, the Superintendent begins to make good his earlier threat: "If you ask again, I will send you to jail after giving 25 cuts," and forthwith takes the law into his own hands and gives the wretched labourer "twelve cuts." These facts were not denied before the Magistrate who disgraced both his race and British rule, not only by acquitting the accused and fining the complainant for bringing "a frivolous" case, but by accepting the amazing plea put forth by the defence that the case could be compared to that of a schoolmaster and his pupils or that of the captain and his crew. So we have the magestrial dictum laid down that a planter in Ceylon is above law and can whip his labourers! And this is the dictum laid down in a British-governed land by one who is an Englishman. Here, indeed, we have not merely a gross failure of justice, but also most painful evidence of the un-British and inhuman attitude that is allowed to be fostered by the indefensible license which unhappily, British statesmen still continue to give to their countrymen to exploit "coloured" labour.

THE BAR SINISTER.

The recent communication addressed by Raja of Mahmudabad to Sir James Meston deserves the attention of the Government for a vital side issue which it raises apart from its main theme. The Raja lays specific complaint against the authorities for their neglect to utilize the proferred military assistance of Indians of blood. It is axiomatic that the War could not have continued its sanguinary course, and even now might be brought to a satisfactory termination, by the proper utilisation of the immense man-power which India possesses. Somehow the authorities, sorely pressed as they are, persist in placing certain cryptic considerations above the compelling need of the day. This self-denying ordinance in respect of the magnificient reservoir of manhood which they have only to utter the word to be pressed into service can only be described as a superlative piece of suspiciousness. After the few commissions offered to a handful of Indians the Government have again relapsed into their habitual semi-somnolent attitude. High hopes were revived and keen expectations formed when these commissions, few as they were, were granted, and they were looked upon as the harbinger of a belated but genuine recognition of the loyalty of descendants of the princes, chiefs, and jagirdars, the scions of Indian chivalry both Musalman and Hindu, who contributed to the coherence of the political unity of India, under the first British Governors, so just and generous, nd so lavish of promises which they did not foresee would remain unredeemed for two generations as well as of the equally valuable loyalty of the middle classes throughout the land.

So far they have been baulked of their legitimate ambition with the result that a rankling disappointment has been engendered, the inevitable consequence of hope so long deferred. However, we desire to touch on another question intimately connected with the declared British policy which governs the administration of this country. The War has given opportunities to many Anglo-Indians as well as to hundreds of others who are Indians by birth and environment but whose religions and a strain of European blood has placed them in a position of unfair superiority to the true children of the soil. If an accurate analysis is made of the commissions that have been bestowed upon or rather thrust upon a number of men in the railways, the station masters of all grades, the guards, the drivers it will impress all impartial and dispassionate persons, especially in Great Britain, with the injustice of the procedure which must be controlled by some mysterious private circulars. While the Indian of respectable birth and attainments gets nothing but evasive and disheartening replies to his repeated applications, young men of demonstrably inferior claims and qualifications are drafted in their scores as second-lieutenants and tramp the country in khaki creating natural heart-burning in those who believe that their hereditary rights are ignored and that they are passed over in favour of competitors the accident of whose birth and religion alone is their recommendation.

Now Government will no doubt suitably decorate and reward those who come forward for military service and whose offers are accepted. After the War which may end any day these men will be the recipients of handsome recognition. But what is to become of many high officials who have approached the Lt. Governors, Governors and Viceroy and have applied with importunate reiteration but who have been informed in so many words that their civic capacities are too valuable to be sacrificed to War purposes? For long after the war, promotion and preferment will rightly go, other things being equal, by the amount of active service rendered to the Empire. There is in short the serious problem of a large number of officials in the higher ranks most of whom are Indians who have signified their willingness to do their duty by their King and country but who have been considered indispensable by their respective governments. The position of these men who are admittedly too invaluable as civilians to be employed on the front demands timely provision. We published a couple of days ago a letter from an Indian official in another province on this subject which speaks for itself. The aggrieved official like many another in his dilemma feels the indignity which his ability has procured him. It does not require much elaborate argument to show that those selected for war duty are by no means always intellectually exalted above the men who are called upon to continue doing duty in the peaceful plains. Let alone the war badge, the satisfaction of having served one's country in a time of dire need will not be theirs: for mental and educational inferiority has proved a passport to military rank. We would urge that on the files of the Imperial Secretariat some reliable record be kept of those capable Indians who have volunteered for war work while the places which they applied for have been granted to men of admittedly lower calibre who in several cases have not even come forward with voluntary offers of personal service. Unless some note is preserved of the genuine willingness coupled with proved capacity on the part of these high Indian officials the Government will be sowing the seed of lasting discontent. The average Londoner, the clerk and the "counter-jumper," is not always of superior physique and in point of endurance under privation he is surpassed by the frugal and abstemious Indian of the educated middle classes which inhabit the provincial towns. If these Indians are shut out from the satisfaction of doing their duty by the imposition of unfair rules which differentiates them from Britishers, let the Indians in higher walks of life at least be given a chance, and if that too must be denied let there be a commitment to writing to testify to posterity that if more Indians did not participate in the world war it was through no fault of theirs.

Notes of the Day.

Abdul Hamid.

The death of Abdul Hamid removes from the world an individual around whom settled a legend of horror and tyrany. His name became in his lifetime a synonym for bloodshed and treachery, while his career has been one of enterprising follies. We must do him justice at least, however, and judging of his character we may agree that he began with good intentions and sought to abate the disintegration of his empire by centralising authority and exercising it with ruthless severity. Abdul Hamid began as one who to orthodox Turks appeared to be an unsafe liberal. It was a perilous heritage which came to him. The deposition of his brother Murad V found an empty throne, and Abdul Hamid seate himself on it without loss of time. There was a depleted treasury, the live memory of insurrections in the Balkans and the war with Serbia and Montenegro.

Two Distracting Forces.

During the life of Abdul Hamid, there were two forces distracting his empire. One was the perpetual struggle in the Balkans and the gradual dissolution of European Turkey. The second force represented his efforts to consolidate his own power against the claims of his more audacious subjects, which finally engulfed him and his throne. Looking back as we do from a time when the war has altered the complexion of every event within living memory, we see in larger proportions than anything else the gradual estrangement which took place between Turkey and Britain, and the accession of a corresponding measure of German friendship.

Romance of Red Ruin.

Abdul Hamid lived to lose a friend in Britain. The Bulgarian reunion of 1885, contrary to the understanding of the Congress of Berlin, the complications with Arabi Pasha, the disruption of European Provinces, and the turmoils of Crete embittered him against Europe in general, and left him weak against the penetration of Germany. Assassinations at Court and messacres in Armenia made his name detested in Europe, without adding, one iota to his domestic security. Astute and diplomatic, as he was none the less he reached a crisis when the ascendancy of the Young Turks made it impossible for him to evade or suspend the constitution that in fiction existed. His life was a romance of red ruin and at the end of his life he perhaps perceived in the disasters of the great war, the retribution which, in his belief, all European States deserved. Popular belief has bracketed him with the tyrants of the earth But it is too early yet fully to appraise his dements as a man and as a ruler.

Traechers Tino.

Treacherous Tino has been living up to the full measure of his reputation. The latest instance of his inglorious ingratitude to the country, which once accepted him as its ruler and whose salt he has eaten and is still eating is the despatch of Greek officers from Goerlitz to Constantinople to recruit Greek Ottomans to fight the Greeks in Macedonia. It would be scandalous if the Greek Government still continued the subsidy he has been receiving from it. It would be to put a premium on treason. It is satisfactory therefore to learn that the subsidy has been stopped.

Story of "Self-Government."

It is notorious that the determining cause of the failure of local self-government in this country has been the persistent manner in which undertakings have been broken and reforming tendencies nipped in the bud, in the process of execution, by the all-powerful bureaucracy. A striking demonstration of this is afforded by the treatment to which, as we are informed by a reliable correspondent, the Karad Municipality has been subjected by local officialdom, whose doings, as usual, have been confirmed by the Government. The facts are these. The President of this Municipality who was an official resigned his post in October last owing to his transfer to some other place. In accordance with the halting policy of reform recently initiated, the Collector of Satara asked the Municipality to select its own President, by a two-thirds majority, within one month. To show apparently that this was a great act of condescension, the Municipality was warned that if the choice was not made within the period fixed, the Government,—that is, himself,—would at once nominate a chairman.

The Collector's Little Game.

There was obviously no earthly reason why the Municipality should have been bullied in this fashion. The Collector, however, had his own little game to play. For nearly a year previous to this, the vacancy of an *elected* member had remained unfilled and evidently the Collector expected that this would make it difficult for the Municipality to elect its President by a two-thirds majority. The Municipality naturally replied that it would proceed with the election of the President as soon as the vacancy of an elected member was filled. No reply to this was received from the Collector,—silence being a significant commentary on the motive of the Collector's action in view of what transpired later. By the end of January a new member was duly elected and on the 5th of the current month the Vice-President issued notice of a special general meeting to be held on the 9th to elect a Chairman. On the day fixed as the members were proceeding to the meeting, they learnt that Government had already nominated a President and that a notification to this effect was published in the "Gazette!" It would be difficult to conceive of a more pitiful story of petty official tyranny and bstruction of the popular will.

A Good Riddance.

The announcement that the bi-weekly reviews of the war situation hitherto communicated to the Viceroy by the Secretary of State have ceased from February 5, is one which will not cause great consternation. We do not know who was the individual upon whom the task had recently fallen of assiduously compiling these essages so far, but his was undoubtedly very thankless task. Nobody attached the least interest or importance to these messages, and it is possibly the discovery of this fact by Mr. Montagu that has led to their discontinuance. Anyhow, we are glad that after three and a half years of war, it has occurred to the authorities that the news served from the India Office is behind Reuter's, and makes no one in India the wiser. Latterly, these messages looked like the production of one who weary of is task made it lighter by paraphrases, at once cryptic and inconsecutive.

Justice to the Children.

Mr. Fisher, in a speech at Huddersfield on Monday, said that the half-time system in Yorkshire and Lancashire factories was holding up the development of higher and elementary education all over the country. The half-time system, therefore, he added, must go. Mr. Fisher has said nothing that is new. Educational and medical experts alike have always agreed that to force children to work in the not at all congenial surroundings of a factory as well as to make them attend schools prejudicially affects both their education and their health. This is apart altogether from the fact that to employ children in factories at all is an abomination itself. But it is Mr. Fisher's peculiar distinction that he has been the first Education Minister who has had the courage openly to denounce the system on this ground as well as on that of the ultimate loss to the State involved in the low standard of health and education which is the inevitable outcome of the prevalence of the system. The persistence with which the Education Minister of England has urged the national importance of subordinating the interests of industry to those of the State and humanity may well be a lesson and a warning to those concerned in this country.

Agitation Needed in India.

An excellent opportunity of mitigating the evil of the half-time system to some extent was lost by the Bombay Legislative Council when it allowed itself to be carried away by the interested and disingenuous plea of representatives and supporters of vested interests and to reject the wholesome provision embodied in Mr. Patel's Education Bill penalising the employment for profit of children of school-going age, fixed in the Bill. Those who are anxious to build up a truly national system of education, which will not deny to any child, however, poorly circumstanced, its benefits, as well to secure the health of the working classes who, as time goes on, will become an asset of increasing value to the country, will, we trust, see to it that the last has not been heard of this matter and that a campaign similar to that which the Education Minister has been vigorously conducting in England is soon organised in this country. Will some member of the Imperial Legislative take the initiative in this matter and make the wheels of the legislature move?

WORKMEN HEROES.

FUND FOR RECOGNITION OF BRAVERY.

On Saturday, the 2nd instant, a man named Kalidin fell into a drain tank at the Simplex Mills while he was at work. Seven other men one after the other went to his rescue facing almost certain death. Kalidin and five of his would-be rescuers, Sukhadev Narain, Janki Behari, Jokhu Mangal, Dwarka Bacha and Subai Ganpati lost their lives. The two others, Maruti and Krishna, recovered. The Coroner in summing up the evidence at the inquest said:—

> It was impossible not to be strongly moved at the recital of such heroic actions on the part of the five deceased who descended at the risk of their lives to the rescue of their fallen fellow workman. The self-sacrifice displayed by Maruti and Krishna found him at a loss for words of praise and indeed words were not wanted. What remained was that the affair should be brought to the knowledge of the authorities so that the living might be sufficiently rewarded and that the children and the descendants of the others might not be allowed to suffer through the loss of their heroic dead.

While immediate monetary aid was desirable he could not but think that some suitable memorial should be raised to commemorate this event. To-day in the city of Dublin a handsome public monument marked the site of just such an occurrence as this. But apart from the question of immediate and adequate monetary aid, he was of opinion that a more useful form of reward would be provision for the care and education of the children of the deceased and survivors.

In response to an appeal from one of our readers we have opened a fund for some public recognition of the heroism of these men. The following amounts have been received:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Amount previously acknowledged.	667	14	0
Sympathiser	25	0	0
J. J. C.	25	0	0
U. S.	25	0	0
S. H.	10	0	0
Osman	10	0	0
B. N. Ghose	5	0	0
Khushiram	1	0	0

RUSSIA NO LONGER IN A STATE OF WAR.

HEAVY LOCAL FIGHTING ALONG ENTIRE BRITISH FRONT.

RUSSIA NO LONGER IN STATE OF WAR.

DEMOBILISATION OF FORCES ORDERED.

STILL DESISTING FROM SIGNING PEACE TREATY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, Feb. 11.
Recd. 3-40 p.m., Feb. 12.

A telegram from Brestlitovsk dated yesterday, states: "At to-day's sitting the President of the Russian delegation stated that Russia, while desisting from signing the formal peace treaty, declared that she had ended the state of war with Germany, Turkey and Bulgaria, and was giving orders for complete demobilisation of the Russian forces on all fronts."

KIEFF IN HANDS OF SOVIETS.

NOTHING REMAINS OF THE RADA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 11.
Recd. 3-40 p.m., Feb. 12.

A Russian wireless official message from Brestlitovsk informs Trotzky that prior to the 8th February the whole of Kieff was in the hands of the Soviets with the exception of the Pechersky Monastery, where the remnants of the Kieff Rada were entrenched. Pechersky was captured on the 8th and the remnants of the Rada forces fled. Nothing remains of the Rada, but a sad memory and its delegation at Brestlitovsk is therefore a non-existent authority.

THE HELSINGFORS STRIKE.

DECREE FOR PAYING WAGES FOR STRIKE PERIOD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
STOCKHOLM, Feb. 11.
Recd. 8 a.m., Feb. 12.

The Bolsheviks at Helsingfors have decreed that the workers must be paid their wages during the strike.

ROUMANIAN CABINET.

GENERAL AVERESCO CHARGED TO FORM A NEW ONE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
JASSY, Feb. 11.
Recd. 3-40 p.m., Feb. 12.

The King has charged General Averesco with the formation of a new Cabinet.

DEATH OF EX-SULTAN OF TURKEY.

FROM INFLAMMATION OF LUNGS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, Feb. 11.
Recd. 8 a.m., Feb. 12.

A telegram from Constantinople reports the death from inflammation of the lungs of the ex-Sultan Abdul Hamid.

MOBILIZATION OF GREEK ARMY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ATHENS, Feb. 11.
Recd. 7-45 p.m., Feb. 12.

General Danglis, in an interview, stated that in spite of the attempts of a few Royalists to create disorder mobilization would succeed and a considerable Greek army would fight in Macedonia shortly.

INDO-BRITISH OPPOSITION.

DEPUTATION URGED TO EXPOSE SYDENHAM PROPAGANDA.

(From a Correspondent.)
HYDERABAD (SIND), Feb. 12.

An open-air meeting of the citizens of Hyderabad (Sind) was held yesterday evening under the joint auspices of the local Congress Committee and the branch of the Home Rule League, when the following resolutions were unanimously passed:—

(1) In view of the mischievous activities in England of the Indo-British Association led by Lord Sydenham this public meeting of the citizens of Hyderabad (Sind) urges the Indian National Congress authorities to take immediate measures to carry on active propaganda in England, on as large scale as possible, among other things, to counteract the influence of reactionary Anglo-Indian officials and merchants.

(2) This public meeting expresses its sense of deep gratitude towards the Labour party in England for their powerful sympathy and support in securing Home Rule for India at an early date, as was recently manifested by the resolution passed at the Nottingham Labour Conference, and confidently hopes the Labour Party in England will do all it can, both inside and outside Parliament, still more to further the cause of Home Rule for India.

The substance of the second resolution has since been cabled to Mr. Lansbury, Editor, "The Herald," London.

PEACE WITH UKRAINIANS.

ENEMY PRESS JUBILANT.

ALL SIGNATURES APPENDED IN FINAL SITTING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, Feb. 11.
Recd. 3-40 p.m., Feb. 12.

A telegram to Berlin from Brestlitovsk states that Kuehlmann opened the final sitting with the Ukrainians at two in the morning on the 9th February and made a speech hoping that peace with the young State would be the first of a series.

The Ukrainian chairman joyfully hailed the peace, which, he was convinced, would be to the interest of the democratic masses and would contribute to the general termination of the war. All the signatures were then appended.

TERMS OF UKRAINIAN PEACE.

RESTORATION OF PRE-WAR FRONTIERS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, Feb. 11.
Recd. 7-45 p.m., Feb. 12.

A telegram from Berlin says peace with the Ukraine provides for the restodation of pre-war frontiers between Austria-Hungary and the Ukraine, while further North a provisional line is fixed which will be delimited by a mixed commission.

The evacuation of occupied territories will begin immediately after ratification of the treaty. The contracting parties mutually renounce reimbursement of their war costs and indemnification of war damages. War prisoners will be permitted to return home.

The contracting parties undertake immediately to enter into economic relations.

DISCUSSION OF ECONOMIC QUESTIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, Feb. 11.
Recd. 8 a.m., Feb. 12.

Three official representatives of the Austrian agricultural societies have gone to Kieff to discuss economic questions.

"A SEVERE BLOW TO RUSSIA."

EFFECT OF SEPARATE PEACE WITH UKRAINE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
Recd. 4 p.m., Feb. 11.
LONDON, Feb. 11.

The conclusion of a separate peace between the Central Powers and Ukraine is regarded by the London press as a severe blow to Russia, but it is doubtful whether it will justify the jubilation in Berlin and Vienna, based on the expectation of enormous food supplies. So far as British information goes, the food production last year was very small and such stocks as exist are desperately needed in Great Russia.

Much of the country is devastated and it is believed that enormous sugar estates have been divided and their machinery destroyed, but under German organisation the situation may change after the next harvest, buoying the enemy up with the prospect of abundance if the war continues after July and the command of the great routes to the East.

Apart from this, Germany is likely to secure the most advantageous political situation in Russia, constituting the stable Governments, suppressing anarchy, restoring the railways and industries and banishing famine, if she has the necessary man-power. Even if the Bolshevik claim that the Rada is powerless is true, the latter is likely to secure Austro-German help in fighting the Bolsheviks. Such process is already working in Finland. In these circumstances, the papers here urge on the Allies and particularly Britain the necessity for advising and helping the different Russian peoples in every possible way.

U. S. AND PRICE OF SILVER.

EFFECT OF FIXING PRICE ON INDIAN CURRENCY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 11.
Recd. 8 a.m., Feb. 12.

Commenting on the possibility of the United States fixing the price of silver at a dollar an ounce the "Financier" contends that the abnormally high price of silver favours Germany and is against the interests of the Entente.

The paper says that the fixing of price will help to stabilise the Indian currency only if the fixed price is below the metal value of a rupee, say about eighty-six cents.

NO AUTONOMOUS SIBERIA.

ARRESTS BY BOLSHEVIKS.

SAILORS FROM PETROGRAD REACH VLADIVOSTOCK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
HARBIN, Feb. 11.
Recd. 8 a.m., Feb. 12.

The Bolsheviks have arrested the members of the Siberian Provisional Government and also the deputies of the Tomsk Duma in order to prevent the establishment of an autonomous Siberia.

Twelve hundred sailors from Petrograd have arrived at Vladivostock to prevent the Cossacks from securing the control of Vladivostock.

368 MILLIONS IN WAR BONDS.

NEARLY £150 MILLION OF WAR CERTIFICATES SOLD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 11.
Recd. 8 a.m., Feb. 12.

Until February 9th and 2nd respectively the Bank of England had received applications for approximately £352 millions and the Post Office for £16,700,000 of the National War Bonds. Nearly £150 million of fifteen and six penny War Savings Certificates have been sold.

SHIPPING COMPANIES.

NEW REGULATION REGARDING PURCHASE OF SHARES

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb 11.
Recd. 7-45 p.m., Feb. 12.

The Minister of Shipping has added a provision to the regulations regarding purchase of ships, making the approval of the Shipping Controller necessary before any person can purchase shares in a company by which he obtains control of ships.

AMAZING CHARGES OF CONSPIRACY.

HIGH COURT ISSUES RULE ON MAGISTRATE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, Feb. 11.

On 24th March last the Dinajpur Police on the receipt of a telegram from the Calcutta C. I. D. raided a house which was empty. While returning, the police arrested a young man named Gurudas. As he could not give a satisfactory account of himself his room was searched and four cartridges were found. The police raided several houses and arrested four other young men. Proceedings were then taken against these five men under section 110 of the Criminal Procedure Code on the ground that they were members of a secret revolutionary society at Dinajpur the object of which was to overthrow the Government and that they collected money by dacoities and murder. Their *modus operandi* was that some members of the conspiracy hired houses secretly and retreated thereafter to these secret dens.

The Magistrate of Dinajpur found that the accused were members of a larger band whose political activities extended all over Bengal and were connected with previous dacoities in different parts of the country, and bound them down to be of good behaviour for three years on personal monds of Rs. 10,000 with five sureties of Rs. 2,000 each. On appeal the Sessions Judge of Dinajpur held that accused were associated for the purpose of spreading disloyal doctrines and were engaged in inculcating ideas of armed revolution in the minds of school boys and students. Against this order, the accused moved the High Court to-day. It was urged before Justices Chitty and Smither, before whom this application was made, that the Judge was wrong in accepting the evidence of an accomplice who was uncorroborated as to the political propaganda of the accused. The accomplice had made six different statements to the police and had admitted that he was threatened with internment.

Their Lordships issued a rule on the District Magistrate of Dinajpur to show cause why the order complained of should not be set aside. The accused were directed to be released on bail pending the hearing of the rule to the satisfaction of the Magistrate.

BRILLIANT AUSTRALIAN RAID.

OPERATION SOUTH-EAST OF MESSINES.

HEAVY CASUALTIES INFLICTED ON ENEMY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 11.
Recd. 8 a.m., Feb. 12.

Field-Marshal Haig's communiqué this afternoon says:—The Australians made a successful raid south-east of Messines inflicted casualties and took twenty-eight prisoners.

A Belgian patrol attacked a post in the Merckem sector, killing the garrison.

LONDON, Feb. 12.
Recd. 7-45 p.m., Feb. 12.

Last night's British communique says the Australians in a raid last night south-east of Messines took 37 prisoners, three machine-guns and a trench mortar and inflicted heavy casualties.

It is estimated that the raiders killed 100 apart from the losses caused by our preliminary bombardment.

We successfully repulsed a counter-attack. Our casualties were twenty.

Hostile artillery was intermittently active south-east and west of Cambrai. Our batteries in this area effectively engaged working parties.

VIOLENT ENGAGEMENTS AT MANY POINTS.

A GERMAN REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 11.
Recd. 3-40 p.m., Feb. 12.

A wireless German official message says:—The English reconnoitring advances led to violent engagements at many points and especially near Warneton and Armentieres.

RECIPROCAL ARTILLERY ACTIVITY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb 11.
Recd. 7-45 p.m., Feb. 12.

A French communique says there was intermittent reciprocal artillery activity during the night north of the Aisne in the Corbeny and Juvencourt sector.

This activity was more marked on the right of the Meuse in the region of Bezonvaux.

MRS. HOODLEY'S CASE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Would you kindly permit me to make one or two observations through the columns of your esteemed paper with reference to the above case.

At the end of the case when the learned pleader for the accused,—Mrs. Braganza, appealed to the Court for a lenient sentence the Magistrate in right earnestness discussed that the offence was a seriou one and he attempted to distinguish the above case from ordinary cases of cheating and at one time it appeared that the Magistrate might not give her an option of a fine

In his judgment the Magistrate inflicted a heavy fine of Rs 500 out of which no compensation was to be paid to the complainant. Now let us see whether the fine was a heavy one or otherwise and how it was distinguished from ordinary cases of cheating. Rs. 450 were already utilised by the accused in paying off her creditors. For her debts her husband may or may not have been liable in a court of law as we are ignorant of the nature of her debts. For cheating Mr. Horniman in respect of Rs. 500 out of which Rs. 50 were recovered by the Police she is given a fine of Rs. 500, which means in plain language that she is out of pocket by Rs. 50 only. This fine far from being heavy is too lenient. The magistrate left the complainant in the lurch for his loss of Rs. 450 a penalty imposed on the Editor for his supreme negligence! The complainant was advised to seek his remedy against her in a court of law. At the same time the learned Magistrate observed whilst discussing with Mr. Azad that whatever decrees that he obtained against the accused would be executed against her property (which apparently she has none) and not against her person; meaning thereby that she could very well defy the complainant for his moneys.

I have carefully perused the judgment of the learned Magistrate but have failed to find out any distinguishing feature in this case as stated by the Magistrate, except in this respect that in ordinary cases the accused alone is punished, whereas in this case the accused is fined only Rs. 50 and the complainant Rs. 450. I enclose my card.—Yours., etc.,

"JUSTICE."

Bombay, 12th Feb. 1918.

U. S. AND THE WAR.

AMERICANS ON LORRAINE FRONT.

IMPENDING ENEMY OFFENSIVE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.
Recd. 8 a.m., Feb. 12.

The War Secretary's weekly report expresses profound appreciation of the splendid work of the British Navy in rescuing the troops on the Tuscania and draws special attention to the action of the destroyers in rendering succour until no longer required, notwithstanding the fact that a submarine was lurking in the vicinity. It acknowledges the warm-hearted reception by the Irishmen at small ports where the rescued men were landed.

After referring to the minor activities of the Americans on the Lorraine front, particularly in the anti-aircraft operations and sharp-shooting, the report says:—the Dual Monarchy's desire for peace is increasing daily. The Austrians resent sacrificing their forces on the distant battlefields in order to further German ambitions alien to their interests.

HEAVY FIGHTING ON BRITISH FRONT.

Heavy fighting is occurring along the entire British front although the actions are only local. The report expresses the opinion that the impending offensive will develop simultaneously at different points of the line as an outcome of these engagements. The British had the enemy's full measure in these undertakings and had the situation well in hand.

There had been very lively fighting on the French front.

The Italians were continuously harassingly bombarding the enemy.

The Roumanians, who were eighty per cent. stronger than hey were last year, were attempting to remain faithful to the Allied cause although surrounded by foes. The Roumanians had taken over the whole front from Galatz to Czernowitz.

ALL-INDIA HINDU CONFERENCE.

SESSION AT ALLAHABAD.

(From a Correspondent.)
ALLAHABAD, Feb. 11.

His Holiness the Jagadguru Shri Shankaracharya of Karvir Peeth, Kolhapur, who was invited to preside over the Fourth All-India Hindu Conference, arrived in Allahabad on Friday night. On Saturday his Holiness was taken in procession on an elephant to the pandal on the banks of the Triveni. His Holiness was received by the Maharaja of Kasimbazar, the Chairman of the Reception Committee, and the secretaries. The pandal was overcrowded with sanyasins, pandits, ladies and gentlemen from all parts of India. The Hon. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, the Hon. Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukla, the Hon. Mr. K. V. Rangasamiengar, the Hon. Lala Sukhbir Singh, the Hon. Munshi Gokul Prasad and Pandit Dina Dayal Sharma took part in the deliberations. The Maharaja Saheb made a welcome speech and requested his Holiness to preside. over the Conference and open the functions.

His Holiness delivered a fluent speech in Sanskrit, which created a deep impression on the audience. Then he read his presidential address in English.

The Hon. Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukla, translated his Holiness' speech into Hindi. The first day's sitting then came to a close.

(Continued from column 6.)

mittee" is absolutely essential and accordingly we invite the co-operation and support of every citizen, man or woman, in India. The co-operation of the latter is highly desirable and should meet with a ready response, since so many women have suffered by reason of the internments of their husbands and sons. The committee will limit itself strictly to the particular purposes indicated. It must not be confounded with the movement for securing Home Rule or Self-Government for whatever the constitutional reforms granted to us may be, they would be of little value as long as this power of internment is in the hands of the executive Government. The committee will work for the most part in England, for it is only by agitating there that we can hope for success. To work in England however means expenditure. To ensure this it is proposed among other means that donations should be asked for. We beg that communications from persons desirous of helping us in this all-important matter may be addressed to Mr. B. P. Wadia, "New India" office, Madras, who has kindly promised to act as the provisional Secretary of our informal committee.

S. SUBRAMANIA IYER.
S. KASTURIRANGA IYENGAR.
ANNIE BESANT.
C. P. RAMASWAMI AIYAR.
A. RANGASWAMI IYENGAR.

LIBERTY OF CITIZENSHIP.

PERILS OF EXECUTIVE AGGRESSION.

TIMELY APPEAL OF LEADERS.

"New India" publishes the following:—

The undersigned beg to invite attention to a proposal which has been for some time before a number of gentlemen interested in a most vital point connected with the liberty of the subject in this country. This proposal has been very carefully considered by many friends in all the provinces and it is felt that no delay should be allowed in launching the scheme proposed and carrying it out vigorously. The proposal is to form a committee entitled "The Indian Civil Rights Committee." The necessity for such a step must be obvious to those who have watched the action of the authorities in the matter of internments generally, and to those who have been following in particular, the working of the committee now sitting in Calcutta with Justice Rowlett as president. Apparently the organisers of this committee have in mind what in effect is similar to that which was attempted by the Government in or about 1909 when Regulation 3 of 1818 a that barbarous relic of the East India Company's legislation" was made, in the words of Mr. Mackarness, "a part of the normal machinery of Government." In other words it is the intention of the authorities including the Government of Bengal to procure an enactment which would enable them to exercise as a matter of ordinary procedure the power of imprisoning arbitrarily and without any sort of trial those who unfortunately come under the suspicion of the police.

It is a well-known fact that during the last two or three years, there have been a number of instances of imprisonments, arbitrary and without trial, and that this practice still continues as rigorously as ever under the Defence of India Act which needless to say is purely a war measure and is being grossly misapplied. Is it possible for any people, in the face of this, not to be roused to such immediate action as will prevent this introduction of catastrophic legislation? The discussion which took place in the House of Commons in 1909 and in the press in England with reference to the policy of deportations under the Regulations of 1818 will be invaluable to us at this present critical juncture. A considerable number of Liberal Members of Parliament at that time were keenly interested in the subject. With Mr. Mackarness as chairman, they formed themselves into a committee called "the Civil Rights Committee."

POWERFUL AMENDMENT.

In the House of Commons Mr. Mackarness moved on the 5th March, 1909. the following amendment:—

"That this House while cordially welcoming the proposals which have been laid before it for the Reform of the Government of India, is of opinion that the success of those proposals is gravely endangered by the fact that British subjects in that country are subjected to imprisonment and deportation without having had any charge made against them and without having been convicted of any crime."

The amendment was rejected by 195 to 70 votes, but notwithstanding this rejection it is evident that it was this committee that by its untiring efforts then put a stop to further deportations. Lord Morley's "Recollections" will confirm this. It is now no longer disputed that it was Lord Morley who in spite of the opposition from Lord Minto and his councillors compelled the Government of India to cancel the deportations of Lala Lajpat Rai, Krishna Kumar Mitter, Babu Aswini Kumar Dutt, and other great patriots.

It will be admitted on all hands that we can afford to delay no longer in endeavouring to procure by constitutional methods the adequate protection of our people in the matter of free speech, the discussion of public questions and the representation of grievances. We feel sure that we shall have with us the sympathy of the majority of the Liberal Party and still more of the influential Labour Party all of whom desire to ensure to his Majesty's Indian subjects that freedom from autocracy and Prussianism for which Britain and her allies to-day are shedding their very lifeblood.

Further we take it that the Secretary of State who is now visiting India has not failed to be affected by the deep discontent which prevails particularly in Bengal, because of the inhuman treatment of hundreds and hundreds of innocent persons, for the most part, youths of education and high aims. We are very confident that on his return to England, he will do all in his power to guard us against the policy of the unrestrained arrest of persons on mere suspicion by the police, the incarceration without limit of time and with no possibility of obtaining redress by fair and reasonable means. It is worth noting that the Civil Rights Committee in protesting against deportations etc., were not working solely in the interests of the Indian people for they feared, and very rightly, that this policy would find its way into their own country. Mr. Mackarness drew attention to this danger in his very exhaustive and convincing speech in support of the amendment he moved on the 5th March, 1909.

In fact since the war, the British public itself has had some experiences of this nature. Consequently, we expect that they will help us in our efforts to prevent further unjust curtailment of our liberty.

RIGHT UNDER ANY GOVERNMENT.

In these circumstances we submit that the formation of the "Indian Civil Rights Com-

(Continued in column 5.)

TO SUPPRESS HOME RULE PROPAGANDA.

"SPECIAL STAFF" TO HOUND A MAN.

A. D. S.P.'S THREATS.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 12.

Babu Vindeswari Prosad, General Secretary to the Chupra Home Rule League, has written a letter to the "Patrika" to show how some officials in Behar are openly trying to put down Home Rule propaganda in that district.

The writer says that Babu Kadar Nath, Pleader and Secretary, Chupra League, delivered several speeches at Home Rule meetings.

The Police reported his speches to the authorities. Babu Kadar Nath was sent for by the Police Superintendent who hurriedly read extracts from the Police report Babu Kadar Nath contradicted the report whereupon the Superintendent said he could not disbelieve his sub-inspector and warned Babu Kadar Nath and threatened him that he would engage a special staff to dog his steps, Babu Kadar Nath demanded a copy of the warning, but the Superintendent declined to supply him with a copy on plea that it was confidential.

MR. TILAK AT PUSAD.

MORE PURSES PRESENTED.

(From a Correspondent.)

PUSAD, Feb. 12.

Mr. Tilak arrived here this morning. Several thousand people from the Nizam's Dominions and adjoining districts eager to behold him have flooded the town. Mr. Tilak drove direct to the conference pandal and delivered a lecture to an audience of five thousand people. A purse of Rs. 6,000 was presented to him. When he emerged from the pandal he beheld the sight of 20,000 peolpe gathered on the sands of the river close by. It was already eleven and the sun was approaching the zenith. But Mr. Tilak could not resist the temptation of addressing the assembled. The Pandharpur address (in Sanskrit) was presented to him by the Brahmin community before he left for Karanja. Several individuals also presented purses to him. Mr. Tilak left for Karanja at 4 p.m.

MYSTERIOUS MURDER AT LUCKNOW.

VICTIM NOT IDENTIFIED.

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, Feb. 12.

A mysterious murder was committed in Lucknow on Saturday between 8 and 9 p.m. in which a man whose identity not been established was the victim. Three shots were heard in Lodhpura Jane in Ghasyari Mandi. Two or three men living in the lane came out and found a man who had been shot lying there dead. It appears the man was shot in the stomach, an automatic pistol cartridge passing through the abdomen. The motive does not appear to have been robbery, as the man was wearing jewellery and had on his person a fairly large sum of money. The deceased who was dressed like a Bengali appears to have been about 31.

BENGAL INTERNMENTS.

RESOLUTION IN COUNCIL.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 12.

At the meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council to be held on Tuesday next Sir S. P. Sinha will present the report of the Select Committee on Bengal Aliens disqualification Bill of 1918 and move that the said report be taken into consideration and the Bill be passed.

The Hon. Mr. Irwin will move a resolution recommending that the teaching of hygiene and sanitation be made compulsory in all state-aided schools, both for boys and girls in the Province, and the inclusion of those subjects as compulsory subjects for the Matriculation Examination.

The Hon. Mr. Akhil Chandra Datta will move that all persons interned under the Defence Act be domiciled in places free from malaria. The same member will move that a committee be appointed, consisting of Sir S. P. Sinha, Mr. B. J. G. Cumming, Sir Gurudas Bannerjee, Sir K. G. Gupta and Mr. Fazlul Huq, to enquire into the case of the two interned women of Bankura named Sindhu Bala, that the result of the said enquiry be published in a communiqué and that if the committee find that the arrest of one or both of the two women was unjustifiable, suitable punishment be awarded to the officer or officers responsible for their arrest.

SECRETARY OF STATE'S WAR REVIEWS TO CEASE.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Feb. 12.

In view of the completeness and reliability of Reuter's present service of telegrams to this country and in order to assist in relieving congestion on the cables the Secretary of State has decided to discontinue sending his bi-weekly summaries of war news to his Excellency the Viceroy after the 5th February 1918.

The fifth All-India Vaishnava Conference will be held at Karachi on 19th, 20th and 21st April.

INDIAN ASSOCIATION "CONTRETEMPS."

AN INTERVIEW WITH MR. C. R. DAS.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 11.

The "Amrita Bazar Patrika" publishes this morning the following account of an interesting interview which an old journalist had with Mr. C. R. Das in connection with the recent affairs of the Indian Association:—

Q.—Your opponents say that they acted according to the rules of the Association in rejecting the 78 members: If that is so, why should not they be allowed to do what they think fit?

A.—The difficulty is that the Indian Association has got a history behind it. They may now forget that history, but I cannot. The Association was started as a representative body. If they cease to represent the people of this country they go against their avowed object.

Q.—Why do you say that in refusing to admit certain persons as members they ceased to represent the people?

A.—Don't you see that if they limit the Association to members with particular views, how can they represent the people of the country who may have other views?

Q.—They say that their views are the general accepted views of the people.

A.—Why should they be afraid of admitting as many persons as are duly proposed and seconded? It is only because they know as well as I do that their views are not the views of the country that they want to close the doors of the Association. My opinion is that every public association must be always ready to include members who share in its object and who are prepared to pay their subscription.

Q.—But they say your object was to capture the Association.

A.—I am afraid I do not understand the expression. If I think that I can best promote the object of the Association by proposing a large number of persons as members, I have got the right to do that. I have got the right to see that the Association to which I belong, should accept my views. Why should that be called capturing the Association? I would never dream of objecting to the admission of as many members as they like to introduce. In fact, the 62 members whom they wanted to elect were accepted by us without a single dissentient vote. If they really feel that the country is with them they could admit as many as they like as members of the Association. Don't you see that they know that they cannot do that, as the country is not with them? Has it ever happened in the history of the Indian Association that any person who was duly proposed and seconded was rejected? Who are guilty of a departure of the usual practice, they or we?

A PREVIOUS INCIDENT.

Q.—But then, Mr. Das, you must remember that your party excluded their party from the All-India Congress Committee. Why should they not retaliate?

A.—It is no question of retaliation. They are entitled to bring in their supporters and we are entitled to bring in our supporters, as it is a representative association. The door of such an association must be open. Then, whatever the majority decides under such circumstances would then be binding on the Association. We did not exclude any member from the Provincial Congress Committee, and if the members of the Provincial Congress Committee elect certain persons to the All-India Congress Committee, there cannot be any constitutional objection to that. The electors may often go wrong in their election, but that is their right.

Q.—What was the reason for not returning any one of the other party?

A.—The reason is obvious. The then members of the All-India Congress Committee (Bengal), at the time of Mrs. Besant's election, actually chose as members of the All-India Congress Committee Mr. D. C. Ghose in preference to the Hon Mr. Fazl-al-Haque, and Mr. S. L. Mitter in place of Mr. Rasul. Members of the Provincial Congress Committee thought that the then members of the All-India Congress Committee of Bengal had abused their trust. They, therefore, elected members in whom they had confidence. Can any impartial judge say that they were wrong?

MR. S. N. BANERJEA'S PART

Q.—Don't you think that Mr. Surendranath Banerjea, who had done so much for the country, should be respected and followed?

A.—I do not think that any person is indispensable in the work of nation-building. When he was engaged in that work we loved him, we followed him. Now that he has set his face against the people, I refuse to follow him.

Q.—Why don't you see Mr. Surendranath Banerjea and settle this matter?

A.—I am afraid that you do not know the facts. On the day they held the meeting of the Executive Committee I went and saw Mr. Surendranath Banerjea. I warned him against what he was about to do, as I had previous intimation. I begged of him to turn his face against cliques and to come forward and lead the people of Bengal. He did not make any definite promise, but he certainly left me under the impression that he would try and avert this calamity. As long as I live I shall never be able to forget that Mr. Surendranath Banerjea did not even raise his little finger as a protest against this gross outrage. He owes an explanation to the public. We, the people of the country, have the right to know why Mr. Surendranath Banerjea allowed a representative institution to be converted into a private club, and why public property should be allowed to become the property of this private club. At the annual meeting of the Association he kept out reporters and stifled discussion. I have no desire to say anything which may offend his susceptibilities, but if it is the truth which offends for that I owe no apology.

The registered Graduates of the University of Bombay have elected Mr. Chimanlal H. Setalvad, and Prof. Y. G. Nadgir, to fill two of the vacancies among the Ordinary Fellows of the University which will shortly occur by the operation of section 4 (2) of the Universities Act. Messrs. Setalvad and Nadgir were the only candidates nominated for election.

WATER SUPPLY AND COTTON CULTIVATION.

SAFE GUARDS AGAINST MIXING.

(Associated Press.)

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 10.

The Indian Cotton Committee on the 8th February motored from Ahmedabad to Sarkhej where it inspected a large area of *Lalio* cotton and also had an informal meeting with some dealers in cotton from the village of Sarkhej.

On the 9th February it resumed its sittings at Shahibag, Ahmedabad. The first witness examined was Mr. G. E. Chatfield, Collector of Ahmedabad. In reply to Mr. MacKenna he stated that he had long experience of colonization in Sind as he had been Colonization Officer on the Jamrao Canal from 1903 to 1907. Mr. Chatfield briefly described the method by which colonization had been carried out. He thought there was nothing in the Sind revenue system to militate against large grants of land being given to capitalists with view to the expansion of the area under long staple cotton but he pointed out that the area under Jamrao Canal had been colonized under a special Act.

In reply to Mr. Ashton he said that though he was not an expert in regard to irrigation matters, he considered that the Sukkur Barrage was necessary and that it would not be safe to put a large tract under the Rohri Hyderabad canal if it were constructed without the barrage.

EFFECT OF WATER SUPPLY.

In reply to Mr. Hodgkinson, Mr. Chatfield stated that with an assured water supply, Upland American cotton would do well in Sind and that he would be in favour of a policy of increasing the area under it at the expense of *deshi*. As the area increased the cultivators would get better prices as agents would come to purchase their cotton. They did not bother about it when the area was small. Even with an assured water supply, he was not in favour of pushing Egyptian cotton as it was so liable to damage from frots and bollworm. The American was much better.

In reply to Mr. Wadia he said that the difficulty in regard to Government auctions of Egyptian cotton was that there was no grading of the cotton. He thought that malaria had some effect in reducing the labour supply but he did not consider that it would prevent people from outside comin in and settling in Sind.

The next witness examined was Shet Ambalal Sarabhai, Mill Agent and Merchant, Ahmedabad. He said that when cultivators brought the cotton from their own fields, it was not mixed but when it was brought into the market by dealers, it was mixed. Even if the dealers bought ginned cotton they mixed it. He was in favour of licensing ginneries and of prohibiting the transport of *kapas* by rail except in cases in which it was definitely consigned to a mill to be ginned and consumed in that mill. Surat cotton was very mixed; cotton from Broach, Ujjain and even from Khandesh being brought in to be mixed with it. The chances of mixing would be much reduced if transport by rail were prohibited. Cotton would of course be transported by carts but the danger of mixing owing to that was not very great.

In reply to Mr. Hodginkinson he stated that there were two classes of banias; one class merely bought *kapas* and the other class sold seed to the cultivator, gave him advances and bought the *kapas* from him at a fixed rate. The rate being fixed, the bania got the benefit of any rise in the market and he fixed the rate so that he did not stand to lose if the market fell.

Mr. Jeshanji Bhai Ujain Singh, Cotton Commission Agent, stated that in the Wadhwan and Morvi States there was a rule that the cultivator could grow no other cotton than *wagad*.

Mr. Daulatram Kalidas, dealer in seed cotton, said that he wanted the cultivators to grow cotton with a high ginning percentage and that cultivators get a higher price for all cotton whih had a better ginning percentage.

PUNJAB TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Feb. 12.

The final of men's singles in the Punjab Tennis Tournament was played on Monday between Deane and Sleem, the attendance being the largest of any day hitherto. The match lasted for two hours. Deane won the first two sets 6—2, 7—5, but Sleem won the third set 4—6. The next set might easily have been the deciding one but Deane threw away more than one opportunity and the play closed for the day when light failed with Sleem in possession of the fourht set. The match was declared drawn and will be replayed on Tuesday.

ALL-INDIA HINDI SAHITYA SAMMELAN

The 8th session of the All-India Hindi Sahitya Sammelan will be held at Indore on the 29th, 30th and 31st March 1918 under the presidency of Mr. Gandhi. All lovers of the Hindi language are cordially invited to be present. Visitors desiring the Reception Committee to make arrangements for their board and lodging will kindly communicate with the General Secretary of the Reception Committee before the 7th March.

The Reception Committee will also hold an exhibition of rare manuscripts in Hindi printed books on all subjects both old and recent, as well as periodicals and magazines. Those who may wish to assist the Exhibition Committee by lending their valuable writings and books will kindly do so.

The Syndicate of the Punjab University has sanctioned the affiliation of the Sanatan Dharma College, Lahore, to the B.A. standard. The college is now located in a commodious building on the lower Mall.

A Gaya Massage says: The special tribunal has delivered judgment in the Teri case. Of the twelve accused three were acquitted and nine convicted. Eight were sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment and one to one year's simple imprisonment on account of old age.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONFERENCE.

FORTHCOMING SESSION AT BIJAPUR.

In purusuance of the permission granted on 23rd December 1917 by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, the District Congress Committee Bijapur, has made the necessary arrangements to hold the 18th Bombay Provincial Conference in Bijapur. An influential Reception Committee has been formed and also the various sub-committees for the work of the Conference. The first meeting of the Reception committee was held on the 3rd February 1918 and the following office-bearers were appointed:—Chairman, Reception Committee.—the Hon. Mr. P. A. Desai, Vice-Chairman..—Raosaheb Raghavendrarao Kembhavi, Mr. Venkatidas Tukaidas, Mr. Bandeppa Kadadi, Mr. Abdul Gani, Mr. Narayandas Darbar and Dr. R. V. Padbidri; General Secretaries.—Mr. D. R. Limaye, Mr. M. R. Kebbhavi, Mr. N. P. Desai, Mr. K. S. Deshpande, Mr. A. B. Kankanwadi.

The Reception Committee has now provisionally fixed the 25th, 26th and 27th April 1918 for the sessions of the Conference. The Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel, Barat-Law, Bombay, has been unanimously elected President. A big plot of land in the centre of the city situate on the easern side of the Government High School has been selected for the construction of the Pandal, which has been designed to accommodate more than 5000 people, the front side showing the appearance of a fort-wall with battlements over it and a beautiful arch in the centre. The work of construction has already begun.

J. J. PARSI SCHOOL AT BULSAR.

OPENING OF NEW BUILDING.

The opening ceremony of the Bai Dinbai Ruttonji Building for the Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy Parsi Boys' and Girls' schools at Bulsar, was performed by the Hon. Mr. J. G. Covernton, on Saturday last, in the presence of a number of leading gentlemen of the town. H. H. the Maharaja of Dharampur was amongst those present.

Towards the erection of the building Khan Saheb Dadabhoy Ruttonji had offered a sum of Rs. 23,000 in memory of his deceased mother, Bai Dinbai.

In the beginning the girls of the school recited welcome songs, after which the report of the schools was read. The Hon. Mr. Covernton opened the lock of the building amidst cheers, and declared it open.

A welcome address from the Bulsar Anjuman was then presented in a silver casket to the Khan Saheb. His portrait was then unveiled by Mr. Covernton. The former then thanked them all for their appreciative terms and said that he had done nothing more than his duty to his communoty in the cause of education.

After the concluding speech of Mr. Covernton, the Chairman and the Maharaja of Dharampur, and others were garlanded.

The building has been handed over to the trustees of the Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy Charity Fund.

CHAWLS FOR THE POOR.

SCHEME FOR ERECTION TO BE PREPARED.

A meeting of the City Improvement Trust Board was held yesterday, Mr. J. P. Orr presiding, when consideration was given to a proposal for the acquisition of sites in Mazagaon or elsewere for the erection of chawls for the poor.

The Chairman said the scheme was being considered in pursuance of the Trust's resolution that the Board should provide chawls for the poor. They should set about preparing plans to provide five thousand rooms, which should be as near the congested area as possible. Part of the land was at Mazagaon, and part elsewhere, the verage price per square yard being about Rs. 15. They had to prepare the necessary schemes before coming to any definite ecision.

It was resolved aocordingly that a scheme hould be prepared.

UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE AT DHULIA.

(From a Correspondent.)

DHULIA, Feb. 11.

The people of Dhulia in a public meeting assembled last evening, under the presidency of Bapu Saheb Paranjape, unanimously adopted a resolution praying for postponement of underground drainage at Dhulia for various reasons, such as the people's inability to bear ferther taxation in these abnormal times, the unreliability of the estimates, fresh educational liabilities, increased rate of interest, etc.

The meeting appointed a deputation to wait upon the Collector and formed a subcommittee to carry on the work till success is achieved.

KUMBH MELA AT ALLAHABAD.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 12.

The feast of Amawas yesterday was the biggest day of the Kumbh Mela at Allahabad and vast crowds of people from early morning till late at night approached the Sangam to take a dip in the sacred waters. Numbers are estimated to have been about three millions in spite of railway restrictions. Processions were conducted in an orderly manner and there was no untoward incident. Officials were out till late in the evening and police and sanitary arrangements were very satisfactory.

TEMPORARY JUDGES AT MADRAS.

UNDESIRABILITY OF REPEATED APPOINTMENTS.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Feb. 12.

A meeting of the Madras Legislative Council was held this morning, the Governor presiding. After interpellations, Mr. V. K Ramanujahariar moved his resolution recommending that the full correspondenc with the Government of India and the Secretary of State over the fixing of the permanent strength of the Madras High Court at ten and further continuance of temporary judges, be laid on the table. In doing so, he said the power of appointing temporary judges had been exercised by the Government on more than eight occasions between 1912 and 1918. This had injuriously affected the interests of the Indians and given them only two Indians among the judges.

The Hon. Mr. Gillman, replying, said that with the support of the High Court the Madras Government recommended that the number of permanent judges be increased to twelve, but the Government of India of their own initiative declined to agree to increase beyond ten. When there was a difference of opinion between the Imperial and the Local Government Government papers should not be published without the approval of the former, which they had not asked for. Government were fully aware of the undesirability of repeated appointments of temporary judges. They would submit a further recommendation when the trend of business in the High Court strengthened their case.

The resolution was lost.

STUDENTS AND POLITICS.

MADRAS GOVERNMENT'S DEFENCE OF ITS CIRCULAR.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Feb. 12.

At to-day's meeting of the Madras Legislative Council, the Hon. Mr B. V. Narasimha Iyer moved a resolution recommending that G. O. 559 be cancelled. In moving the resolution, Mr. Narasimha Iyer said that the G. O. went further than the disciplinary regulation under Educational Rules in that it prevented under-graduates from attending political meetings. He was with the large number of his countrymen who were anxious that students should be kept away from undesirable political activities, but the G. O. had the contrary effect on students, because being forbidden students made it a point of attending such meetings which they might not otherwise have done. Nobody could cut off students from surrounding political influence and the issue of such an order which could not be obeyed in its entirety had the effect of lowering the prestige of the Government. The order prevented attendance for the purpose of social service and encouraged the exercise of a certain amount of petty tryanny.

The Hon. Mr. Venkatapathy Raju and Mr. Siva Row, who had resolutions on the same subject, seconded and supported the resolution.

The Hon. Mr. Stone, replying, said that the Government had formed their opinion on the subect after discussing with person who were in a position to advise and that opinion was that the attendance of students at public meetings was undesirable. It had been stated that the students had been driven to political excitement by the G. O. He wondered how much political excitement it would have caused if students were left to themselves. At Guntur, Masulipatam, and Trichinopoly meetings were held to to protest against the G. O. at which school boys had been standing and speaking. Public meetings were intended to appeal to people's feelings and there was a very distinct difference between attending public meetings and reading newspapers. Nobody wanted students not receive political education. They could read newspapers and books and discuss debating societies. A later G. O. left th enforcement of the previous order to the discretion of principals.

The motion was put to vote and lost. A poll being called, 11 voted for and 27 against.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 12.

Coal shares were again almost neglected nd attracted no attention whatever with he exception of Northern, which were done to Rs. 17-12 in response to strong inquiry. ute mills shares ruled steady to firm with some irregularity noticed. Auckland opened t Rs. 338 and after touching to Rs. 341 eceded to Rs. 338. Fort William opened at 294 and moved up to Rs 307 after which ansactions were reported at Rs 294. Lansdowne moved from Rs 293 to Rs 301 with business subsequently reported at Rs 296. In miscellaneous section the only item of interest was the rise in Titaghur Papers, which advanced to Rs 209. The following sales took place:—

Coal:—Bokaro and Ramgurh 16, 16-4; Borrea 20-4; Northern 17-8, 17-12, 17-4; Singarah 14-8, 14-10.

Jute:—Alliance (ord) 562; Auckland (ord) 338 to 341, 336, 338; Barnagore (ord) 180, 179, 180-8 x. d.; Bally 182; Belvedere (ord) 632; Budge Budge (ord) 536, 529; Clive (ord) 236-8, 237-12, 235; Delta (ord) 576; Empire (ord) 53-8, to 54-8; Fort Gloster (ord) 660, 666; Fort William (ord) 294, 295, 297, 291, 289, 294; Gourepore (ord) 795 to 800; Howrah (ord) 43-12, 44; Hooghly (ord) 83 odd lot; Hooghly (pref) 14-8, 14-12; Kamarhatty (ord) 596 to 599; Kelvin (ord) 670, 673-8; Lawrence (ord) 448; Lansdowne (ord) 293 to 301, 298 to 296; Lothian (ord) 210, 211-8; National (ord) 381, 383; Northbrook (ord) 45-4; Reliance (ord) 39-4, 39-10, 39-4; Soorah (ord) 181; Standard (ord) 512.

Miscellaneous:—Behar Oil 29-8, 29-12, 29-4, 29-8; Calcutta City Flour 18; Howrah Oil 64; Indian Galvanizing 13, 13-4; Midnapore Zemindari 221-8; Reliance Fire Brick Pottery 17-12, 18; Byram Sugar 17-8, 17-12; Russa Engineering 282, 283-8, and 286 s. l.; Titaghur Paper (ord) 292, 293-8 to 300; Triton Insurance 83-8 to 85.

Rubber:—Kluang Rs 9-12, 10.

Government paper three and a half per cent was quoted at Rs. 68-12 to 69 and small lots were done at Rs 69-4 to 69-8.

Official and Personal.

Her Excellency visited the Garrison School, Colaba, yesterday morning.

Their Excellencies gave an "At Home" to the Fellows of Bombay University yesterday afternoon and afterwards visited the Queen Mary Technical School to see the cinema film which has just been completed of the School.

Surgeon-General Sir George Makins, Lieut-Colonel Browning-Smith, Captain Walker and Captain Wilson have arrived at Government House.

H. E. Lord Ronaldshay opened the Carmichael College at Rangpur on Monday and announced a grant of half a lakh of rupees towards the capital expenditure from Government funds.

His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore has conferred the title of Captain on Mr. A. T. Thyagaraj, Commandant of Imperial Service Transport Corps and of Lieutenant on Mr. A. A. Monteiro, of the Imperial Service Regiment.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu is on a short visit to Mysore and Bangalore.

SIR J. C. BOSE.

THANKS BOMBAY FOR HER WELCOME

The following communication has been received from Sir J. C. Bose:—

"It is difficult for me to express my feelings of gratitude for the overwhelming kindness which the different communities of the Western Presidency extended to me during my short visit. Mr. Bomanji, Mr. Khatao, Mr. Cowasji Jehangir, Mr. Jamnadas—these are only a few and the chief of those who gave their time and thought to enable me to come in contact with all that is real and living in that great Province. To the Press also, both Indian and English, my indebtedness is great for the warmth of their welcome. I came as a stranger and when I left it was with the pang of such sadness as one feels in parting from old and valued friends. Most generous has been the support that has been extended to my Institute by all, rich and poor and not least by the student community. To the University I am indebted for their most cordial invitation which enabled me to address that learned body and the undergraduates. I keenly appreciated the kind welcome accorded to me by Lord Willingdon in his dual capacity as the Governor of the Province and as Chancellor of the University.

"The mainspring of my life's activity has been faith and hope and in these I have derived a great accession from my visit to the Bombay Presidency. Here I saw civic activity conjuring up from the goam of blue seas the City Beautiful risen out of the churn and seethe of her life like Lakshmi herself. And the wealth that has been acquired is devoted to human and beneficient ends. I saw a man and woman organising a great hospital with an efficiency which I did not expect outside of Vienna. I saw a famous educational institution in Poona where devotees like Paranjpye have gathered round them a band of selfless workers. I went on pilgrimage and saw the place where Gokhale breathed his last. I saw the beginnings of what may prove to be a Woman's University. In Bombay I saw a Madonna-like woman presiding over a school and home for girls and young widows. These and many other impressions will remain with me an abiding memory to strengthen me in my own work and make real to me the vision I cherish of India united, full of hope and life, and working towards the great end which includes both herself and humanity."

AVIATION TRAGEDY AT LAHORE,

DEATH OF LIEUT. G. F. WELCH.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Feb. 12.

Lieutenant G. F. Welch, who, as previously reported, met with a serious flying accident at Lahore Cantonment on February 1st, died on Monday morning, the funeral taking place in the evening. The deepest sympathy is felt for Mrs. Welch, who arrived in Lahore only a day or two before the accident.

MRS. BESANT'S LECTURES.

We are requested to announce that tickets for Mrs. Besant's public lectures in Bombay on Thursday and Saturday are available at the Home Rule League offices at 251, Hornby Road, Fort and 735, Girgaum Tram Terminus.

The anniversary of the Home Rule League, Delhi Branch, will be celebrated on the 16th and 17th February, 1918. Many leaders are expected to be present. Gentlemen intending to visit will kindly inform the Hon. Secretary, Home Rule League, Delhi Branch, beforehand.

A WONDERFUL FLESH BUILDER.

PHYSICIAN'S DISCOVERY ENABLES THIN PEOPLE TO PUT ON 2 TO 3lbs. A WEEK.

Special Medical Reports, Paris:—That excessive thinness is due to the inability of the digestive organs to properly assimilate food has long been known; it has, however, remained for Professor Muller, the eminent scientist and investigator, to discover that this weakness of the digestive organs is primarily due to lack of nerve force and to tell the world how the weak nerve tissues can be fed and strengthened, and thin people, men or women, old or young, enabled to put on 2 to 3 pounds a week, and become fat, plump, strong and healthy. Professor Muller says, this may be done without change of diet, exercises, etc. All he finds necessary is to strengthen the nervous system, and for this purpose he recommends a special nerve food and flesh builded, called Phormoid, which can be obtained from any chemist. Once Phormoid tablet should be eaten a few minutes before each meal, and almost from the beginning you will note an increased feeling of energy, vitality and reserve force, as well as a decided increase in weight.

Caution to Ladies. Thin ladies who object to an increased bust development should not take Phormoid as it generally develops the bust from three to four inches in a few weeks.

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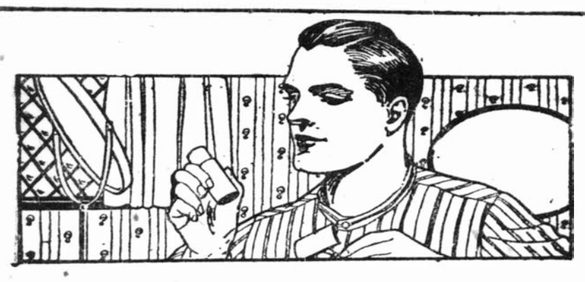

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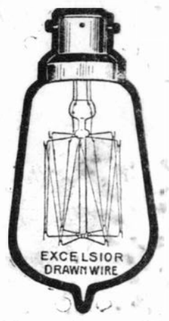

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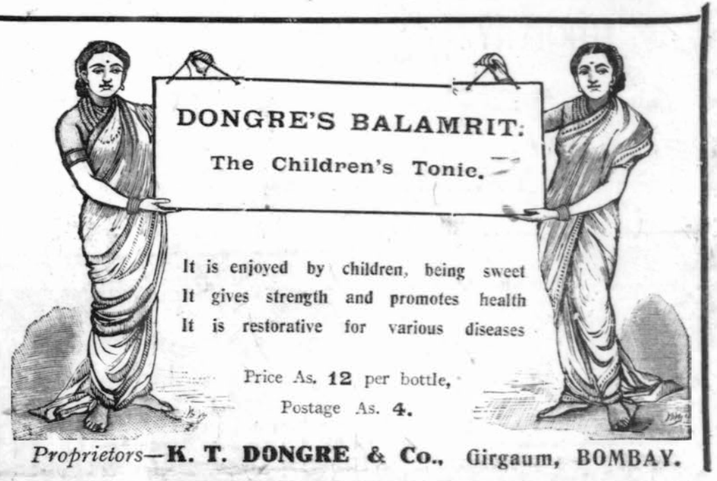
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SERIAL STORY.

WAS SHE JUSTIFIED?*

BY MRS. WELLESLEY—SMITH.

Special for "The Bombay Chronicle."

CHAPTER XV.

ROSE COTTAGE.

Somewhere, so far back as to be quite forgotten, Augustus Brown must have possessed an ancestor with fighting blood in his veins. Brown is, we are told, an old, old name, it is not unlikely that the woad-wearing early Britons numbered one of them among them, who, accustomed to fighting lustily for food and existence, had handed down a trifle of his pugnacious nature to the twentieth century little clerk, whose only weapon was the pen, and a nimble tongue.

Having recovered from the first shock of the mysterious message found on his supper-table, Augustus Brown flung it scornfully away.

"Hoax," he said, "one of that ass Wheatly's jokes. Thinks he's going to frighten me off solving the mystery—no fear!"—and Mr. Brown, looking very warlike, lit a cigarette with the offensive piece of paper, and blew clouds of smoke at the blackened ceiling. "I'll show the fat-head I'm not so green as he thought."

The young man drew out the fragment of covert coating he had found in Paradise Court, and examined it with attention.

"I've tumbled on something of importance unless I'm mistaken," Mr. Brown ruminated, and a self-satisfied smile passed over his face as he remembered how successfully he had "got round" Jemima Gubbins. "As far as I can see," he added, "I've got to keep my eyes open for a chap with a hole in his coat sleeve—needle in a haystack with a vengeance! I'll have to think of something a bit better than that. Detectives haven't such a velvety job as I fancied." And with a prodigious yawn he flung away the end of his cigarette, and was quickly in the land of dreams.

The next day was Saturday, and Mr. Norman Wheatly passed a mystifying morning, much puzzled by various sarcastic references to some letter that Gus had apparently received. To the first gentleman's questions as to the progress made in proving Miss Chevenix innocent, Mr. Brown preserved an unwelcome silence, and the moment office hours were concluded, he clapped his hat on his head and rushed off to Paddington, where he invested in a third-class ticket to Pangbourne.

"Can't afford much of this," muttered Mr. Brown ruefully surveying his slender store of money, as he settled down in a corner, armed with a well-known detective story, which he studied assiduously all the way.

"Rose Cottage" was easily found. Decidedly a summer residence, stripped of its creepers, it was an ugly, inconvenient cottage, with small windows, and more than an inclination to damp. A big board announcing it "To let, Furnished," caught Mr. Brown's roving eye. "Key next door," he read, and was quickly applying for the same in the character of a bachelor needing change and rest.

A sour-faced man declined to part with the big, rusty key.

"I'll show you over," he said, struggling into his coat. "No, 'tain't mine—belongs to some chap in Lunnon—I look after it—and I'm fair beat these days with curious folks apoking their noses in. If the murder had took place a there, I'd understand—"

"Murder!" ejaculated Mr. Brown as he followed his guide inside. The door opened straight into a combined hall and sitting-room, which smelt musty.

"Been empty some time?" asked Gus.

His companion nodded. "Matter of a year. Mr. Devane, he took it for eighteen months, and only lived here six months out of it."

Thereupon, glad of a listener, he recounted the entire murder case from one end to the other.

"Very interesting," Mr. Brown agreed. "I've read it—Mrs. Devane was pretty."

"That she was too—and nice and soft-spoken, a real lady—'e had a devil's temper, that 'e had—I was sorry for her—that kind to the missus when she was ill you wouldn't believe, and left alone day after day. Them police were down asking questions and worriting me with pictures of Mrs. Devane—I didn't tell 'em all I knew—not me—wasn't going to

"Of course not." Augustus was examining each of the tiny rooms, trying to imagine Nancy in them. "So no one's been here since?"

"No—it's just as she left it that day she packed up and went away—after the row. If I 'adn't been abed with rheumatics, I'd have gone in and punched his 'ead."

Gus looked the interest he dare not express for fear he stopped the flood of reminiscence that possibly might supply him with some data to work on.

"Cruel thing 'e did," the caretaker went on—"up and telled 'er she wasn't his wife—"

"What?"

Mr. Brown's query was a shout that started his loquacious companion.

"What?—are you sure?"

"Sure's Gospel. I'm sorry I let it slip—seeing as I kept it from the coppers—supply a motive, as the papers say, enough to make any decent gal stick a knife in such a chap."

Gus's heart sank. The speaker was right; here indeed was a motive for murder. Was it possible that Nancy Chevenix had sought these means to silence for ever the man who had deceived her, unknowing that all the time she was his lawful wife?

Becoming aware that the caretaker was regarding him with suspicion, Gus spoke.

"Look here, I'm a friend of Mrs. Devane's—my object is to prove that she never laid a finger on the swine."

"Oh,—one of them private 'tecs?"—with respect.

"Yes. You've hit the right nail, old feller—keep it dark—the bobbies don't like outside interference. Jealous, of course."

"I believe you. Ain't no cause to love 'em since they 'ad my brother up for drunk and disorderly, when he was only in 'igh spirits after a funeral in the fambly. If I can 'elp—say the word, I'd do a lot for that pretty young lady. Lor! she wasn't 'alf upset when he spoke out with his lies—I 'eard it all from my bedroom winder."

"You leave me to have a good look round," urged Gus. "That's all I ask—I shan't hook off with anything here. It's wonderful how one finds things that tell you the whole thing," ended Mr. Brown, getting somewhat involved.

There was an earnest air of endeavour about the young man that impressed people. The caretaker nodded.

"Don't mind if I do. There's a storm coming up. When you've done, call with the key, and the missus will give you a cup a tea and a noo laid egg. 'Twas Mrs. Devane gave 'er the fowls."

He tramped out of Rose Cottage, and Gus proceeded to examine every corner, which momentarily grew darker, owing to the black clouds creeping up overhead. Presently the rain was falling in torrents, and it was so dark that Mr. Brown barked his shins more than once severely. Vivid flashes lightening lit the place up at intervals—one discovered Gus on his knees before the sitting-room fireplace, removing a waterfall of magenta shavings—a second revealed the ardent enquirer half way up the chimney, which was wider than he had expected, yet a third showed him, sooty but triumphant, standing erect with two halves of a torn letter in a hand that would have done credit to a sweep.

His keen eyes, piercing the gloom, rapidly deciphered the scrawl—

"— act of friend—to warn—" he read the disjointed sentences—"heard rumours A.V. returned—Take no chances—look out—never forgets, vindictive devil—" Mr. Brown turned the last fragment over.

"— sticks at nothing, he would—" he read.

A much more vivid flash of lightning than any that had preceded it, followed immediately by a deafening clap of thunder, made Mr. Brown jump. He looked up and uttered an ejaculation.

Peering through the rain-drenched window was a face—appalling in its bitter malignity. So sinister and threatening was the expression of the fierce eyes fixed on Augustus, that the youth felt a prickly sensation all down his spine.

Instantly the face vanished, leaving the amateur detective standing motionless staring at the window.

"A tramp—trying to get shelter from the storm," he muttered, and made for the door, which he flung open recklessly.

Not a soul was to be seen—the country lane was entirely deserted, the rain coming down literally in sheets made it difficult to see far. Mindful of his clothes, Mr. Brown banged the door, and returned to the cottage, after several unprofitable minutes spent in staring round.

"I'll turn the key in the lock—just to make sure Mr. Tramp doesn't come in and try to help himself to my cash."

Having secured himself from intrusion, he spread out the precious pieces of paper, and re-read them.

"Act of friend—to warn—rumours A.V. returned. Take no chances—look out—never forgets, vindictive devil, sticks at nothing—he would—"

"Humph!—Reading between the lines, I grasp that this is probably a letter from some pal of Devane's, warning him against somebody called A.V., who owes him a grudge."

Mr. Brown peered again into the grate, and unearthed the better part of an envelope bearing the words:—

ane, Esqre.,
ose Cottage,
angbourne.

in the same writing as the remains of the letter.

"That proves it *was* one of Sholto Devane's letters, and he'd got an enemy. Come, I haven't done so mighty badly for a start. Wonder who A.V. can be—"

A loud knocking on the locked door put an end to his conjectures. It proved to be the caretaker from next door.

"I began to think you'd gone 'ome," he said.

"No—I've been busy, and I'm quite ready for my tea," Mr. Brown returned. "There's been a tramp hanging about—gave me a turn looking through the window."

"Likely enough—there's a lot more of 'em than anyone wants about 'ere."

He locked up Rose Cottage, and for the next hour Mr. Brown listened greedily to facts about Sholto and Nancy.

"Did they have many visitors?" he asked.

"Not one—they'd only just been married when they come—'oneymoon; after—'e was always away, and she'd nobody near 'er—save a bit of a gal from the village."

The rain had ceased by the time Augustus Brown set out for the station. He tramped along the muddy roads deep in thought.

"Whoever did for Sholto Devane, it wasn't Miss Chevenix," he told himself.

Arrived in London, he yielded to a sudden decision, and made the best of his way to Lord Ardgowan's town house, which had been redecorated for his bride.

The stately man-servant would have denied him entrance. During the argument that ensued, Anthony himself appeared in the hall, and recognising Gus at once, led the way into his study.

"Hope you won't think it impudence, my lord," Mr. Brown said. "I'm a friend of Miss Chevenix—I should say Mrs. Devane—and I mean to prove that she's as innocent as—I am."

"I only hope you will," Lord Ardgowan said heavily, too miserable and utterly depressed to be amused.

"I've made a start," announced Mr. Brown proudly. "I've found out one or two things the police have overlooked. You'll excuse me if I don't tell you—it's best to be careful—walls have ears, and the real 'tecs are jealous of amateurs."

Lord Ardgowan looked at his visitor with interest. At their first meeting he had realised that Augustus Brown was upright and honourable; he was absolutely certain that he spoke now in all good faith.

"Fact is, my lord,—I'm not a millionaire. I wondered—it costs money making these enquiries." Mr. Brown was very red; he had never before in all his independent cockney life asked for money. "If you could see your way to helping me—I'd keep account of every penny. If I give the police my clues, they'll only boggle it—and you could trust me not to spend a ha'penny on anything else."

"I am sure of that," Lord Ardgowan agreed instantly. "Nancy told me how you helped her before—how much do you want?—fifty pounds?"

"Not half of it, my lord—ten pounds would be plenty to begin with."

"Better take twenty, in case of accidents."

Lord Ardgowan wrote a cheque on the spot, strangely impressed by his visitor. "I've got the cleverst detectives in England on the case, and they can tell me—nothing. Each day I fear to hear that Nancy is arrested."

"If she is—we'll clear her," Mr. Brown declared stoutly, and shortly afterwards took his departure, leaving Anthony encouraged and cheered, in spite of everything.

"There's no harm in letting him try," his lordship said. "He might chance on some evidence, and he can't do any harm."

Jubilant Augustus set off homewards. As he paused at a crowded crossing, he received a violent push from behind that sent him reeling almost under the wheels of an advancing motor 'bus.

By a miracle he saved himself.

"Phew! that was a narrow shave," he muttered. "Who was the blighter who banged into me?"

He looked round. Everybody was intent on their own business—no one seemed even to have noticed his narrow escape from death, except the white-faced driver of the 'bus, who was cursing freely.

Picking up his hat, Gus brushed it carefully, and resumed his way. Suddenly an alarming thought shot into his active brain. Had he been purposely pushed under the 'bus?

Was the letter warning him not to interfere a joke—or deadly earnest?

(To be continued on Sunday the 17th inst.)

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NOTICE

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COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Feb 11th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

New Contracts.

Months.	To-day's prices.
February	
March	22.98
April	
May	22.28
June	
July	21.80

Old Crop ets.

Months.	To-day's price.
Feb.	21.83
Feb.-Mar.	21.84
March-April	21.74
April-May	21.67
May-June	21.59
June-July	21.51

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, Feb. 12.

The undertone of the market this morning was firm and Good Broach was quoted Rs. 645 Exchange and Rs. 646. Association, but business was reported during the morning on the latter terms at Rs. 650. The Marwari bazaar opened at Rs. 650, and after touching Rs. 649 advanced to Rs. 651. Fluctuations then occurred between Rs. 650 and Rs. 648½, the price again touching Rs. 651 and then dropping to Rs. 649. At Colaba business was done at Rs. 654, and the close was irregular at Rs. 651.

Ready cotton has been firm with a fair demand for high class lots and stapled styles.

QUOTATIONS 6 P.M.

Good M. G. Broach	—	April	—	651
Fine M. G. Shamgaon Akola	—	March	—	645
" " Khandeish	—	"	—	630
" " Muthia	—	"	—	620
" " Bengal	—	"	—	600
Fully Good Bengal	—	"	—	652
Good Sawginned Dharwar	—	May/June	—	654
" M. G. Westerns	—	"	—	632

BOMBAY COTTON TRADES ASSOCIATION.

QUOTATIONS 12TH FEBRUARY 1918.

Growths	Superfine.	Fine	F G	Gd	Delivery
M.G. Bengals	613	603	563	553	Ready
M.G. Sind Punjab	611	603	583		"
M.G. Wardha		660	660		"
M. G. Nagpore		660	660		"
M.G. Yeotmal		670			"
M.G. Dhamangaon Pulgaon		660			"
M.G. Amraoti		655			"
M.G. Khamgaon Akola Fair staple		650	625		"
M.G. Khandeish					"
M.G. Muthia		662	656	656	1-15 April
M.G. Broach					

* RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. of 9th February :—

Cotton	6,838 bales.
Wheat	17,914 cwts.
Linseed	7,963 "
Rape, Eal & Mustardseed, etc.	76 "
Gingellyseed	82 "
Poppyseed	Nil
Groundnuts	784 "
Castorseed	3,407 "
Rice	3 980 "
Myrabollams	3 716 "
Cottonseed	Nil
Mowrasseed	Nil
Gram	1,795 "
Jowar	967 "
Maize	Nil
Barley	1,168 "

*These figures do not include the arrivals by sea, which are not available.

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LD.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 12th F b, 1918, at 5 p.m

Growths	Super fine	Fine	Fully Good	Good	Delivery
Bengals (M.G.)	613	606	558	513	Ready &
	—	602	550	..	1/25th Mar. 18
Sclade-Punjab (M.G.)	613	606	571	—	Ready &
	—	602	..	—	1/25th Mar. 18
Khandesh (M.G.)	—	631	603	—	Ready &
	—	630	..	—	1/25th Mar. 18
Akola Khamg Karanja (M.G)	—	650	625	—	Ready &
	—	..	..	—	1/25th Mar. 18
Oomrawatee descriptions (M.G)	—	655	635	—	Ready &
	—	..	..	—	1/25th Mar. 18
Dhamangaum Poolgaum(M.G)	—	650	640	—	Ready &
	—	..	..	—	1/25th Mar. 18
Yeotmal (M.G.)	—	670	650	—	Ready &
	—	..	..	—	1/25th Mar 18
Nagpore Kampti (M.G.)	—	650	630	—	Ready &
	—	..	..	—	1/25th Mar. 18
Wardha H'ghat (M.G.)	—	650	660	—	Ready &
	—	..	..	—	1/25th Mar 18
Broach (M.G.)	—	668	658	650	1/25th Mar. 18
	—	..	..	—	
Mathia (M.G.)	—	631	601	—	Ready &
	—	630	595	—	1/25th Mar. 18

TREASURY BALANCES.

The following are the balances held in cash in the Civil Treasuries of the Government of India and at credit of the Government in the Presidency Banks and their Branches on the last day of:—

January 1916—Rs. 16,49,29,000.
January 1917—Rs. 18,33,40,000.
January 1918—Rs. 23,37,44,000.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

BULLION.

The silver market is steady.
Bar Gold 29-3-0.
Sovereign 18-4-0.
Silver Ready Ex-duty 98-42.
Silver 1st Sett. Ex-duty 99.

EXCHANGE.

Bank Tel. Transfer 1/4 31/32.
Bank demand drafts 1/5 1/32.
3 Months sight Credits 1/5 13/32.
Bank demand on France Fr. 192½.
3 Months sight France Fr. 201.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs. 209.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs. 303½.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 149½.
60 days sight Japan Rs. 143½.
Bank demand on New York Rs. 297.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates:—
5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47.
Ex-warrant 93 4.
5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920-1922. 99.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan. 80.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 96.
3½ per cent. Paper 68 12.
4½ per cent. Port Trust Long dated due 1936 88.
4 per cent. Port Trust Long dated 77.
4 per cent. Municipal Long dated 77.
4 per cent. Municipal Short dated 89.
4 per cent. Bombay City Improvement Trust Long dated 77.

BANKS.

Names and Amount paid up.	Face value.	Div. Paid.	Last Div.	Quotations nett to buyers.
INDIAN BANKS.	Rs.			Rs.
Allahabad Bank ..	10	Sept.-Oct.	18%	300
Alliance Bank ..	100	Jan.-Aug.	14%	320
Bk of Baroda Rs. 50	100	Jan.-July.	11%	X.D. 76
Bank of Bombay ..	500	..	18%	1,575
Bank of Bengal ..	500	Jan.-July.	17%	1,575
Bank of India Rs. 50	100	do.	10%	92/8
Bank of Madras ..	500	..	12%	1,120
Central Bank Rs. 35	50	..	7%	36
Central Co-op. Bk. ..	50	..	6%	46
Standard Bk. { O 50	100	Jan.-July	Nil.	10
{ P 50	100	do.	Nil.	38
EXCHANGE BKS.				
Chartered Bank ..	20	Sept.-Oct.	15%	662
Eastern Bank Ltd. £4	£10	do.	8%	71
Mercantile Bank { ..				
£26¼ A .. { ..	26¼	Mar.-Dec.	12%	£231/4
£26¼ B .. { ..	26¼	do.	12%	£23
Hongkong & Shanghai Bk.	$ 125	..	16%	£73
National Bank £12½	£25	..	16%	£42

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Advance	500	Apl.-Oct.	7%		1,075
Baliwani Cotton Mill	100	..	7%		102
Bombay Cotton ..	500	Nil.	..		560
Bombay Dyeing ..	250	Mar.-Sep.	50	X.D.	1,185
Bombay United ..	250	..	40		1,000
Bradbury Mill ..	250	..	..		240
Century	100	Mar.-Sep.	20	X D.	472/8
				430	
Central India O ..	500	May-Nov.	100		2 660
Central India P ..	500	May.-Nov.	6%	X. D	246
China ..	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.		400
Colaba Land & Mill ..	700	..	40		1,380
Coorla	1,000	Mar.-Sept.	80		660
Crescent	100	do.	15		276/4
Currimbhoy ..	250	Mar.-Sept.	20	X.D.	425
David	250	do.	25		635
Edward Sassoon ..	200	May.-Nov.	4		222/8
Emperor Edward ..	500	..	35		875
Fazulbhoy	250	Mar.-Sep.	60	X.D.	880
Framji Petit ..	1,000	May	40		1,448
Finlay	250	Apl.-Oct.	25		430
Gold Mohor ..	500	..	25		285
Globe	100	..	Nil.		27/8
Hindustan	1,000	..	50		525
Hyderabad	1,000	do.	50		1,500
Indian Dyeing ..	100	do.	15		210
Indian Manufg. ..	1,000	..	25		420
Indo-China ..	1,000	Mar.-Sept.	50		800
Indore Malwa ..	100	Apl.-Oct.	20		390
Jamshed	250	Mar.-Sept.	Nil.		74
Jewraj Baloo ..	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.		360
Kasturchand ..	500	Mar.-Sept.	65		1,325
Khandesh	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	50		985
Khatao	1,000	June.-Dec.	100		2,700
Kohinoor	500	Mar.-Sep.	65	X.D	1172/8
Lakshmi Cotton ..	1,000	Mar. Aug.	100		1,700
Madhowji Dharamsi ..	500	Apl.-Sept.	250		2,435
Madras United ..	1,000	June-Dec.	50		1,500
Maneckji Petit ..	1,000	Mar-Sept.	80		2,050
Meyer Sassoon ..	100	Mar.-Sept.	Nil.		100
Morarji Goculdas ..	1,000	..	100		2,950
Mysore Spinning ..	400	Feb.-Aug.	10		305
Nawab of Cambay ..	500	Apl.-Oct.	20	nom.	630
New Great Eastern ..	200	..	12		335
New City of Bom. ..	500	Apl.-Oct.	35		910
Pearl	250	..	30	X.D.	640
Phoenix	100	Mar.-Sept.	14		625
Presidency	1,000	Jan.-July	Nil.		200
Sassoon Cotton ..	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.		450
Sassoon Silk ..	500	April.	20	X. D.	325
Sholapore	1,000	do.	276		6,800
Sir Shapurji Broacha	100	..	Nil.		141/8
Simplex	250	June-Dec.	50	XD	960
Standard	500	Mar.-Sept.	125	XD	2,040
Swan	250	Oct.	20	XD	505
Swadeshi	500	Mar.-Oct.	100		2,080
Tata Mill { O	500	400	9/2		685
{ P	500	400	50		625
Textile	500	Mar.-Sept.	70	X.D.	2,120
Union	1,030	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.		200
	500	..	75	nom.	400
Vishnu Cotton { O	500	..	70		550
Westerallndia { P	1,000	..	25	X.D.	887/8

PRESS COMPANIES.

	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Akbar	750	May.	250		5,750
Albert Kurranchee ..	1,000	Nov.	40		850
Breul's Cawnpore ..	200	Aug.	8		190
Bellary Press ..	275	..	15		101
Broach City ..	200	Oct.	20		120
Fort	275	Nov.	50		700
Godavery Valley ..	100	..	3		40
Harvey and Sadapat ..	500	July.	40		825
Hindustan P. & M. ..	250	..	..		145
Hingolee	100	Sept.	8		105
Indian Cotton ..	125	Oct.	10		110
Jumna Ginge P. Co	1,000	..	7		705
Kurrachee Press ..	500	Jan.	40		550
Khamgaum ..	400	Sept.	Nil.		335
Mahmudpura Cta. ..	125	..	7		100
Mahuva	200	Oct.	Nil.		125
Mercantile	125	do.	Nil.		70
Manmar Mfg. ..	250	Aug.	15		225
New East Indian ..	1,000	Sept.	80		950
New Mofussil Co. ..	400	Nov.	60		775
New Berar	500	Oct.	40		470
New Prince of Wales	400	do.	50	X.D.	700
Sind	400	Nov.	Nil.		955
Surat City	200	Oct.	18		170
Volkart U.P.Co., Ltd.	500	Sept.	20		500
Vaidwan G.P.	150	..	..		100

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Dholka	100	Mar.-Aug.	4½%		95
Amritsar Patti ..	100	do.	6½%	X.D	114
Ahmedabad Prantij	500	do.	6 %	X.D.	538/8
Ahmedabad Prantij Debenture ..	500	do.	4½%	Par	525
Central Provinces ..	100	Jan.-July.	5 %		94
Dhond—Baramati ..	100	do.	4½%		90
Guzerat	100	Jan.-June.	5½%		84
Hoshurpur Doab ..	100	do.	4½%		94
Mandra Bhon Rs. 90	100	Apl.-Oct.	6½%	X.D.	71
Pachora-Jamnir Rs 75	100	Jan.-July.	4½%		85
Sara Sirajganj ..	100	May-Nov.	3½%		80
Sialkot Narowal ..	100	Apl.-Oct.	6 %		97
Sind Light	100	July.-Dec.	7½%		135
Tapti Valley ..	500	Mar.-Aug.	7½%		535
Upper Sind Light ..	100	Jan.-July	6%	X.D.	

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock Ashdown Co	100	Jan.-May		100	1,120-22/8
All-India U.Co., Rs 20	100	Aug.	Rs. 1		
Bamankus	5	..	Rs. 2		7
Back Bay Bath ..	50	..	8	nom	80
Badham Pile ..	70	June	3		45
Baroda Tram Co. ..	100	..	Nil.		96
Brick and Tile ..	50	..	..	5	9
Bri. Burma Pt. ..	5	Mar.-Oct.	..		14
Bombay Burma ..	125	Jan.-Aug.	15d.		1.195
B. E. S. &T. Co. Ltd { O	200	Feb.-Aug.	6%		382/8
{ P	10	..	10		100
Bombay Ice	40	..	Rs. 3		17
Bombay Flour ..	500	Jan.-Aug	120		1,310
Bo. Land & Bldgs. ..	400	..	25		350
Bombay Steam { O	200	Mar.-Sept.	15		310
Navigation { P	200	Feb.-Oct.	%	X.D.	225
Bundi Cement Co. ..	10	Nov.-Oct.	..		23
Central M.Co., Ltd ..	10	April.	5/10		43
City of Bo. BldgsCo	500	Dec.-Jan.	25		350
Delhi Flour	200	Sept.	..		120
Empire Life Rs. 50 ..	500	..	Nil.		325
The Eastern { O.	£1	Nil.	Nil.		16/4
Chemical Co. { D.	2s	Nil.	Nil.		30
Indian Cement Co. ..	200	..	Nil.		340
Watni Cement { O	100	..	9		292/8
{ D	40	..	44/12	XD	1,595
{ P	100	..	7%		197
Ind. Mercantile In. Co., Ltd., Rs. 20	100	Dec.	8½%		120
Indad Cotton Oil Co. { Old 10	100	Dec.-July	7%		30
{ New					
{ O. Issue	100	Dec.-July	7%		
{ P. 150	200	March.	7%		218
John Roberts & Co. ..	100	Oct.-July.	1%		200
Jost's Eng. Co., Ltd	50	Oct.	10%		85
Kemp & Co. Rs. 175	200	July	Rs. 14		180
Karachi Lands Rs. 75	200	..	Nil.		100
Marcks & Co.	100	July	5%		74
Mackenzie Saw Mills	100	..	Rs. 10		121
Marsland Price Co. ..	10	..	4%	nom.	30
Marsland Price Co. P	10	..	7%		68
O. Govt., S. Life A. Rs. 60.	200	May.	30%		350
Phillips & Co.	40	July	11		87/8
Ports Canning Co. ..	1'000	Sept.	45		853
Shivraj rur Syndete	10	..	30%	X.D.	52
Sirdar Carbonic Gas	100	Mar.-Aug.	8	nom.	55
Siddeley Ice Mfg. Co.	100	..	8		100
	75	Sept.	2		
Tata Iron Steel {	20	Sept.	15%		288/8
Co. .. .. {	150	Mar.-Sept	135%	Pm	1,210
Tata Hydro Elec. ..	1'000	Jan.	6%		370
Tata Iron Steel Def.	..	..	7%	X.D.	1,225
" P.	1'000	Jan.	..		1,207/8
Tata Hydro Deb.	..	..	7%	"	1.5
Com. P.S.	1'000	April-Oct	6%		1,220
Thacker & Co.,	6	May	5%	Prem	
elalpone Co	53	..	30%		220
			Rs. 8		192

5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 93.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary 93.
The following are the Bank rates:—
Bank of Bombay 6 per cent.
Bank of Bengal. 6 per cent.
Bank of Madras 7 per cent.

SHARES.

As it was the last day of the February settlement there were no transactions in both the markets.

INDIAN WAR LOAN.

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION.

Bombay, Feb. 12th.

	Rs
Cash Certificates	1,767
Total up-to-date	25,87,133 8

SUZUKI & Co.,

Established 1887.

MANUFACTURERS AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

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BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

London	Singapore	Hankow	Harbin
New York	Sourabaya	New Zealand	Tientsin and in
Seattle	Calcutta	Petrograd	Principle Cities in
Melbourne	Honkong	Vladivostock	Japan
Sydney	Shanghai	Nicolaievsk	Formosa and
Wellington	Tsingtau	Dairen (Dalny)	Chosen (Korea).

DEALERS IN :

Sugar	Isinglass	Hessians
Camphor	Cement	Jute
Beer	Acids	Rice
Tea Chests	Timbers	Wheat
Cotton Goods	Tinned Fish	Beans
Cotton Yarn	Menthol Crystals	Peas and other cereals
Matches	Iron	Shellac
Flour	Steel	Wool
Coal	Copper Sheets	Cotton
Copper		Rape Oil
Spelter	Wires and Cables	Peanut Oil
Lead	Machinery	Soya Bean Oil
Antimony, Regulas	Shipbuilding and	Metals
Sulpnur	Railway Materials	Monazite
Fertilizers	Potato Starch	Ores
Chemicals	Alum	Bone-meal
Dyes	Artificial Leather	Plumbago
Vegetable Wax	Celluloid	Silk Goods, etc., etc.
	Gunny Bags	

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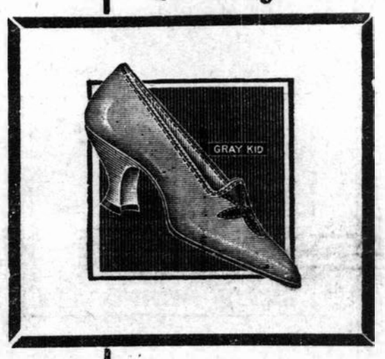

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